
**UNITED STATES
SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION
WASHINGTON, DC 20549**

FORM 8-K

**CURRENT REPORT
PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(d)
OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934**

Date of report (Date of earliest event reported): January 5, 2016

Acadia Healthcare Company, Inc.
(Exact Name of Registrant as Specified in Its Charter)

Delaware
(State or Other Jurisdiction
of Incorporation)

001-35331
(Commission
File Number)

45-2492228
(IRS Employer
Identification No.)

6100 Tower Circle, Suite 1000, Franklin, Tennessee 37067
(Address of Principal Executive Offices)

(615) 861-6000
(Registrant's Telephone Number, including Area Code)

Not Applicable
(Former Name or Former Address, if Changed Since Last Report)

Check the appropriate box below if the Form 8-K filing is intended to simultaneously satisfy the filing obligation of the registrant under any of the following provisions (See General Instruction A.2. below):

- Written communications pursuant to Rule 425 under the Securities Act (17 CFR 230.425)
 - Soliciting material pursuant to Rule 14a-12 under the Exchange Act (17 CFR 240.14a-12)
 - Pre-commencement communications pursuant to Rule 14d-2(b) under the Exchange Act (17 CFR 240.14d-2(b))
 - Pre-commencement communications pursuant to Rule 13e-4(c) under the Exchange Act (17 CFR 240.13e-4(c))
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Item 8.01. Other Events.

As previously disclosed in the Current Report on Form 8-K of Acadia Healthcare Company, Inc. a Delaware corporation (“Acadia”), which was filed on January 4, 2016, Acadia and Whitewell UK Investments 1 Limited, a private limited company registered in England and an indirect wholly-owned subsidiary of Acadia (the “Purchaser”), entered into a Sale and Purchase Deed, dated as of December 31, 2015 (the “Agreement”), with a number of subsidiaries indirectly held by certain funds managed and advised by Advent International Corporation named therein, Appleby Trust (Jersey) Limited, a private limited liability company incorporated in Jersey, and the management sellers named therein, pursuant to which, among other things, the Purchaser will acquire the entire issued share capital (the “Shares”) of Priory Group No. 1 Limited, a company incorporated in England and Wales (“Priory,” and together with Priory’s subsidiaries, collectively, the “Target Companies”). The purchase and sale of the Shares is referred to herein as the “Transaction.” The Agreement provides that the Transaction will close on February 16, 2016 (the “Closing”).

The purpose of this Current Report on Form 8-K is to file the following pro forma and historical financial information and other information about Acadia, the Target Companies, and the Transaction as set forth in Item 9.01, all of which are incorporated by reference herein.

Unaudited Pro Forma Condensed Combined Financial Information of Acadia and its Subsidiaries

- Unaudited Pro Forma Condensed Combined Balance Sheet as of September 30, 2015
- Unaudited Pro Forma Condensed Combined Statement of Operations for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2014
- Unaudited Pro Forma Condensed Combined Statement of Operations for the nine months ended September 30, 2015
- Unaudited Pro Forma Condensed Combined Statement of Operations for the nine months ended September 30, 2014
- Notes to Unaudited Pro Forma Condensed Combined Financial Information

Priory Group No. 1 Limited Audited Consolidated Historical Financial Information

- Independent Auditors’ Report
- Consolidated Income Statement for the years ended December 31, 2014, 2013 and 2012
- Consolidated Statement of Comprehensive Income for the years ended December 31, 2014, 2013 and 2012.
- Consolidated Balance Sheet as of December 31, 2014, 2013 and 2012
- Consolidated Statement of Cash Flows for the years ended December 31, 2014, 2013 and 2012
- Consolidated Statement of Changes in Equity for the years ended December 31, 2014, 2013 and 2012
- Notes to Consolidated Historical Financial Information

Priory Group No. 1 Limited Unaudited Condensed Consolidated Interim Financial Information

- Unaudited Consolidated Income Statement for the nine months ended September 30, 2015 and 2014
- Unaudited Consolidated Statement of Total Comprehensive Income for the nine months ended September 30, 2015 and 2014
- Unaudited Consolidated Balance Sheet as of September 30, 2015 and 2014

- Unaudited Consolidated Cash Flow Statement for the nine months ended September 30, 2015 and 2014
- Unaudited Consolidated Statement of Changes in Equity for the nine months ended September 30, 2015 and 2014
- Notes to Condensed Consolidated Interim Financial Information

The audited consolidated historical financial statements of Priory have been prepared and audited in accordance with the International Financial Reporting Standards as issued by the International Account Standards Board (“IFRS”). The unaudited consolidated interim financial statements of Priory and its consolidated subsidiaries have been prepared in accordance with IFRS. IFRS differs in certain respects from generally accepted accounting principles in the United States (“US GAAP”). Priory has not prepared or reconciled, and does not currently intend to prepare or reconcile, its financial information and the accompanying notes thereto in accordance with US GAAP.

Item 9.01. Financial Statements and Exhibits.

(d) Exhibits.

<u>Exhibit Number</u>	<u>Description</u>
23.1	Consent of PricewaterhouseCoopers, LLP, an independent accountant, with respect to the audited consolidated historical financial information of Priory
99.1	Unaudited Pro Forma Condensed Combined Financial Information of Acadia and its subsidiaries
99.2	Audited Consolidated Historical Financial Information of Priory
99.3	Unaudited Condensed Consolidated Interim Financial Information of Priory

Cautionary Statement Regarding Forward-Looking Statements

This Current Report on Form 8-K and Exhibit 99.1 hereto contain forward-looking statements within the meaning of the Private Securities Litigation Reform Act of 1995. Forward-looking statements include any statements that address future events, occurrences or results. In some cases, forward-looking statements can be identified by terminology such as “may,” “might,” “will,” “would,” “should,” “could” or the negative thereof. Generally, the words “anticipate,” “believe,” “continue,” “expect,” “intend,” “estimate,” “project,” “plan” and similar expressions used in connection with any discussion of the Agreement and the Transaction identify forward-looking statements. Such forward-looking statements are not guarantees of future performance and are subject to risks, uncertainties and assumptions that are difficult to predict. Therefore, actual results could differ materially and adversely from these forward-looking statements.

Acadia has based these forward-looking statements on its current expectations, assumptions, estimates and projections. Although Acadia believes that such expectations, assumptions, estimates and projections are reasonable, forward-looking statements are only predictions and involve known and unknown risks, uncertainties and other factors, many of which are outside of Acadia’s control and could cause Acadia’s actual results, performance or achievements to differ materially and adversely from any results, performance or achievements expressed or implied by such forward-looking statements.

Given these risks and uncertainties, undue reliance should not be placed on these forward-looking statements. These forward-looking statements are made only as of the date of this Current Report on Form 8-K. Acadia does not undertake, and expressly disclaims, any obligation to update or alter any forward-looking statements, whether as a result of new information, future events or otherwise.

SIGNATURES

Pursuant to the requirements of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, the Registrant has duly caused this report to be signed on its behalf by the undersigned hereunto duly authorized.

ACADIA HEALTHCARE COMPANY, INC.

Date: January 5, 2016

By: /s/ Christopher L. Howard

Christopher L. Howard

Executive Vice President, Secretary and General Counsel

EXHIBIT INDEX

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CONSENT OF INDEPENDENT ACCOUNTANTS

We hereby consent to the incorporation by reference in the following Registration Statements:

- (1) Form S-3 (No. 333-196611) pertaining to the registration of shares of common stock;
- (2) Form S-8 (No. 333-177990) pertaining to the Acadia Healthcare Company, Inc. Incentive Compensation Plan;
- (3) Form S-8 (No. 333-190232) pertaining to the Acadia Healthcare Company, Inc. Incentive Compensation Plan; and
- (4) Post-Effective Amendment No. 1 to Form S-4 on Form S-8 (No. 333-175523) pertaining to the PHC, Inc. 2004 Non-Employee Director Stock Option Plan, the PHC, Inc. 2003 Stock Purchase and Option Plan, the PHC, Inc. 1995 Employee Stock Purchase Plan and the PHC, Inc. 1993 Stock Purchase and Option Plan;

of our report dated January 4, 2016 relating to the financial statements of Priory Group No.1 Limited, which appears in Acadia Healthcare Company, Inc.'s Current Report on Form 8-K dated January 5, 2016.

/s/ PricewaterhouseCoopers LLP
Leeds, United Kingdom

January 5, 2016

UNAUDITED PRO FORMA CONDENSED COMBINED FINANCIAL INFORMATION

The tables below set forth the unaudited pro forma condensed combined financial data for Acadia Healthcare Company, Inc. (“Acadia”) giving effect to Acadia’s planned purchase of Priory Group No. 1 Ltd. (“Priory”) and the related issuance of common stock and debt financing transactions described herein.

With respect to the issuance of common stock, the unaudited pro forma condensed combined financial data is based on the assumption that Acadia will issue 5,363,000 shares of common stock to stockholders of Priory pursuant to the Sale and Purchase Deed between Acadia and Priory dated December 31, 2015 and sell 10,000,000 shares of Acadia common stock in the offering described herein, at an assumed offering price of \$63.00 per share (which was a recent price of Acadia’s common stock on the NASDAQ Global Select Market), resulting in the issuance of a total of 15,363,000 shares.

With respect to Acadia’s planned debt financing, the unaudited pro forma condensed combined financial data is based on the assumption that Acadia will issue \$955.0 million of term loans and \$390.0 million of senior unsecured notes in lieu of the Bridge Notes.

The unaudited pro forma condensed combined balance sheet as of September 30, 2015 reflects the effect of Acadia’s other completed acquisitions that occurred after September 30, 2015, Acadia’s planned purchase of Priory and the related financing transactions described above as if they occurred on September 30, 2015.

The unaudited pro forma condensed combined statements of operations present income (loss) from continuing operations and give effect to each transaction as if it occurred on January 1, 2014.

The unaudited pro forma condensed combined statement of operations for the year ended December 31, 2014 combines the audited consolidated statement of operations of Acadia, the unaudited consolidated statement of operations of Partnerships in Care Investments 1 Limited (“Partnerships in Care”) for the six months ended June 30, 2014, the audited consolidated statement of operations of CRC for the year ended December 31, 2014, the unaudited consolidated statement of operations for Acadia’s other completed acquisitions for the periods prior to the respective acquisition dates and the audited consolidated statement of operations for Priory for the year ended December 31, 2014.

The unaudited pro forma condensed combined statement of operations for the nine months ended September 30, 2015 combines the unaudited consolidated statement of operations of Acadia, the unaudited consolidated statement of operations of CRC for the period prior to February 11, 2015, the unaudited consolidated statement of operations for Acadia’s other completed acquisitions for the periods prior to the respective acquisition dates and the unaudited consolidated statement of operations for Priory for the nine months ended September 30, 2015.

The unaudited pro forma condensed combined statement of operations for the nine months ended September 30, 2014 combines the unaudited consolidated statement of operations of Acadia, the unaudited consolidated statement of operations of Partnerships in Care for the six months ended June 30, 2014, the unaudited consolidated statement of operations of CRC for the nine months ended September 30, 2014, the unaudited consolidated statement of operations for Acadia’s other completed acquisitions for the periods prior to the respective acquisition dates and the unaudited consolidated statement of operations for Priory for the nine months ended September 30, 2014.

The unaudited pro forma condensed combined financial data has been prepared using the acquisition method of accounting for business combinations under U.S. GAAP. The adjustments necessary to fairly present the unaudited pro forma condensed combined financial data have been made based on available information and

in the opinion of management are reasonable. Assumptions underlying the pro forma adjustments are described in the accompanying notes, which should be read in conjunction with this unaudited pro forma condensed combined financial data. The pro forma adjustments related to the planned purchase of Priory are preliminary and revisions to the fair value of assets acquired and liabilities assumed may have a significant impact on the pro forma adjustments. A final valuation of assets acquired and liabilities assumed has not been completed and the completion of fair value determinations may result in changes in the values assigned to property and equipment and other assets acquired (including intangibles) and liabilities assumed.

The unaudited pro forma condensed combined financial data is for illustrative purposes only and does not purport to represent what our financial position or results of operations actually would have been had the events noted above in fact occurred on the assumed dates. Accordingly, the unaudited pro forma condensed combined financial should not be used to project our financial position or results of operations for any future date or future period.

The unaudited pro forma condensed combined financial data should be read in conjunction with the consolidated financial statements and notes thereto of Acadia, Partnerships in Care, CRC and Priory included or incorporated by reference herein.

UNAUDITED PRO FORMA CONDENSED COMBINED BALANCE SHEET
As of September 30, 2015
(In thousands)

	<u>Acadia(1)</u>	<u>Completed Acquisitions Pro Forma Adjustments(2)</u>	<u>Acadia Pro Forma</u>	<u>Priory(3a)</u>	<u>Pro Forma Adjustments</u>	<u>Notes</u>	<u>Pro Forma Combined</u>
ASSETS							
Current assets:							
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 50,762	\$ (35,967)	\$ 14,795	\$ 24,690	\$ —		\$ 39,485
Accounts receivable, net	214,883	3,773	218,656	65,355	—		284,011
Deferred tax assets	37,291	—	37,291	23,169	—		60,460
Other current assets	75,335	442	75,777	16,056	—		91,833
Total current assets	378,271	(31,752)	346,519	129,270	—		475,789
Property and equipment, net	1,624,166	32,474	1,656,640	1,653,851	—		3,310,491
Goodwill	1,981,140	150,621	2,131,761	283,068	521,585	(5)	2,936,414
Intangible assets, net	58,976	—	58,976	47,926	(10,426)	(5)	96,476
Deferred tax assets—noncurrent	33,278	311	33,589	9,327	—		42,916
Other assets	69,408	51	69,459	—	50,000	(6)	119,459
Total assets	<u>\$4,145,239</u>	<u>\$ 151,705</u>	<u>\$4,296,944</u>	<u>\$2,123,442</u>	<u>\$ 561,159</u>		<u>\$6,981,545</u>
LIABILITIES AND EQUITY							
Current liabilities:							
Current portion of long-term debt	\$ 41,996	\$ —	\$ 41,996	\$ 11,105	\$ (1,555)	(7)	\$ 51,546
Accounts payable	78,384	609	78,993	85,705	—		164,698
Accrued salaries and benefits	87,110	1,841	88,951	27,198	—		116,149
Other accrued liabilities	56,962	353	57,315	41,443	—		98,758
Total current liabilities	264,452	2,803	267,255	165,451	(1,555)		431,151
Long-term debt	2,092,317	148,999	2,241,216	1,365,784	(30,334)	(7)	3,576,666
Deferred tax liabilities—noncurrent	22,210	—	22,210	221,373	(2,085)	(5)	241,498
Other liabilities	87,008	3	87,011	36,098	—		123,109
Total liabilities	2,465,987	151,705	2,617,692	1,788,706	(33,974)		4,372,424
Redeemable noncontrolling interests	8,700	—	8,700	—	—		8,700
Equity:							
Common stock	707	—	707	17,343	(17,343)	(4)	861
					54	(5)	
					100	(6)	
Additional paid-in capital	1,574,708	—	1,574,708	396,062	(396,062)	(4)	2,519,923
					337,815	(5)	
					607,400	(6)	
Accumulated other comprehensive loss	(84,293)	—	(84,293)	—	—		(84,293)
Retained earnings (accumulated deficit)	179,430	—	179,430	(78,669)	78,669	(4)	163,930
					(15,500)	(6)	
Total equity	1,670,552	—	1,670,552	334,736	595,133		2,600,421
Total liabilities and equity	<u>\$4,145,239</u>	<u>\$ 151,705</u>	<u>\$4,296,944</u>	<u>\$2,123,442</u>	<u>\$ 561,159</u>		<u>\$6,981,545</u>

See accompanying notes to unaudited pro forma financial information.

UNAUDITED PRO FORMA CONDENSED COMBINED STATEMENT OF OPERATIONS
For the Year Ended December 31, 2014
(In thousands, except per share amounts)

	Acadia(1)	Completed Acquisitions(2)	Partnerships in Care(8)	CRC(9)	Pro Forma Adjustments	Notes	Acadia Pro Forma	Priory(3b)	Pro Forma Adjustments	Notes	Pro Forma Combined
Revenue before provision for doubtful accounts	\$1,030,784	\$ 260,003	\$ 142,312	\$460,040	\$ —		\$1,893,139	\$857,968	\$ —		\$2,751,107
Provision for doubtful accounts	(26,183)	(1,730)	3	—	(7,872)	(10)	(35,782)	—	—		(35,782)
Revenue	1,004,601	258,273	142,315	460,040	(7,872)		1,857,357	857,968	—		2,715,325
Salaries, wages and benefits	575,412	143,637	84,641	227,692	—		1,031,382	496,456	—		1,527,838
Professional fees	52,482	12,802	6,737	40,551	—		112,572	25,024	—		137,596
Supplies	48,422	9,948	4,868	20,858	—		84,096	34,507	—		118,603
Rents and leases	12,201	7,292	909	17,538	—		37,940	27,924	—		65,864
Other operating expenses	110,654	24,173	11,644	51,517	(1,122)	(14)	196,866	64,594	—		261,460
Depreciation and amortization	32,667	8,002	11,731	21,290	(11,611)	(11a)	62,079	82,696	(9,483)	(11b)	135,292
Interest expense, net	48,221	1,634	43,084	72,718	(46,023)	(12a)	119,634	153,647	(73,841)	(12b)	199,440
Provision for doubtful accounts	—	—	—	7,872	(7,872)	(10)	—	—	—		—
Debt extinguishment costs	—	—	—	11,622	—		11,622	26,335	—		37,957
Gain on foreign currency derivatives	(15,262)	—	—	—	15,262	(13)	—	—	—		—
Goodwill and asset impairments	—	—	—	1,089	—		1,089	—	—		1,089
Transaction-related expenses	13,650	—	—	7,686	(21,336)	(14)	—	4,605	(4,605)	(14)	—
Total expenses	878,447	207,488	163,614	480,433	(72,702)		1,657,280	915,788	(87,929)		2,485,139
Income (loss) from continuing operations before income taxes	126,154	50,785	(21,299)	(20,393)	64,830		200,077	(57,820)	87,929		230,186
Provision (benefit) for income taxes	42,922	14,310	30	6,576	187	(15)	64,025	(36,628)	30,150	(15)	57,547
Income (loss) from continuing operations	83,232	36,475	(21,329)	(26,969)	64,643		136,052	(21,192)	57,779		172,639
Income (loss) from discontinued operations, net of income taxes	(192)	—	—	(4,471)	—		(4,663)	—	—		(4,663)
Net income	83,040	36,475	(21,329)	(31,440)	64,643		131,389	(21,192)	57,779		167,976
Net loss attributable to noncontrolling interests	—	—	—	—	—		—	—	—		—
Net income attributable to Acadia Healthcare Company, Inc.	\$ 83,040	\$ 36,475	\$ (21,329)	\$ (31,440)	\$ 64,643		\$ 131,389	\$ (21,192)	\$ 57,779		\$ 167,976
Earnings per share—income (loss) from continuing operations:											
Basic	\$ 1.51						\$ 1.94				\$ 2.02
Diluted	\$ 1.50						\$ 1.93				\$ 2.01
Weighted average shares:											
Basic	55,063				15,214	(16a-c)	70,277		15,363	(16d)	85,640
Diluted	55,327				15,214	(16a-c)	70,541		15,363	(16d)	85,904

See accompanying notes to unaudited pro forma financial information.

UNAUDITED PRO FORMA CONDENSED COMBINED STATEMENT OF OPERATIONS
For the Nine Months Ended September 30, 2015
(In thousands, except per share amounts)

	<u>Acadia(1)</u>	<u>Completed Acquisitions(2)</u>	<u>CRC(9)</u>	<u>Pro Forma Adjustments</u>	<u>Notes</u>	<u>Acadia Pro Forma</u>	<u>Priory(3c)</u>	<u>Pro Forma Adjustments</u>	<u>Notes</u>	<u>Pro Forma Combined</u>
Revenue before provision for doubtful accounts	\$1,324,702	\$ 124,023	\$53,014	\$ —		\$1,501,739	\$650,465	\$ —		\$2,152,204
Provision for doubtful accounts	(25,529)	(1,069)	—	(1,206)	(10)	(27,804)	—	—		(27,804)
Revenue	1,299,173	122,954	53,014	(1,206)		1,473,935	650,465	—		2,124,400
Salaries, wages and benefits	707,583	70,105	31,288	—		808,976	374,873	—		1,183,849
Professional fees	83,215	6,003	5,136	—		94,354	21,748	—		116,102
Supplies	58,430	4,837	2,583	—		65,850	25,732	—		91,582
Rents and leases	22,639	2,654	2,023	—		27,316	33,017	—		60,333
Other operating expenses	148,899	11,469	5,708	—		166,076	62,324	—		228,400
Depreciation and amortization	44,920	3,564	2,459	(688)	(11a)	50,255	58,050	(6,987)	(11b)	101,318
Interest expense, net	77,932	991	8,883	3,134	(12a)	90,940	93,161	(33,307)	(12b)	150,794
Provision for doubtful accounts	—	—	1,206	(1,206)	(10)	—	—	—		—
Debt extinguishment costs	9,979	—	—	—		9,979	—	—		9,979
Gain on foreign currency derivatives	1,926	—	—	(1,926)	(13)	—	—	—		—
Goodwill and asset impairments	—	—	—	—		—	—	—		—
Transaction-related expenses	31,415	—	1,712	(33,127)	(14)	—	2,304	(2,304)	(14)	—
Total expenses	1,186,938	99,623	60,998	(33,813)		1,313,746	671,209	(42,598)		1,942,357
Income (loss) from continuing operations before income taxes	112,235	23,331	(7,984)	32,607		160,189	(20,744)	42,598		182,043
Provision (benefit) for income taxes	34,794	6,777	(3,034)	9,520	(15)	48,057	(297)	(2,249)	(15)	45,511
Income (loss) from continuing operations	77,441	16,554	(4,950)	23,087		112,132	(20,447)	44,847		136,532
Income (loss) from discontinued operations, net of income taxes	83	—	(77)	—		6	—	—		6
Net income	77,524	16,554	(5,027)	23,087		112,138	(20,447)	44,847		136,538
Net loss attributable to noncontrolling interests	464	—	—	—		464	—	—		464
Net income attributable to Acadia Healthcare Company, Inc.	<u>\$ 77,988</u>	<u>\$ 16,554</u>	<u>\$ (5,027)</u>	<u>\$ 23,087</u>		<u>\$ 112,602</u>	<u>\$ (20,447)</u>	<u>\$ 44,847</u>		<u>\$ 137,002</u>
Earnings per share—income (loss) from continuing operations:										
Basic	\$ 1.16					\$ 1.53				\$ 1.54
Diluted	\$ 1.15					\$ 1.52				\$ 1.53
Weighted average shares:										
Basic	67,194			6,072	(16a-c)	73,266		15,363	(16d)	88,629
Diluted	67,539			6,072	(16a-c)	73,611		15,363	(16d)	88,974

See accompanying notes to unaudited pro forma financial information.

UNAUDITED PRO FORMA CONDENSED COMBINED STATEMENT OF OPERATIONS
For the Nine Months Ended September 30, 2014
(In thousands, except per share amounts)

	Acadia(1)	Completed Acquisitions(2)	Partnerships in Care(8)	CRC(9)	Pro Forma Adjustments	Notes	Acadia Pro Forma	Priory(3d)	Pro Forma Adjustments	Notes	Pro Forma Combined
Revenue before provision for doubtful accounts	\$729,784	\$ 200,233	\$ 142,312	\$340,255	\$ —		\$1,412,584	\$643,223	\$ —		\$2,055,807
Provision for doubtful accounts	(20,084)	(1,334)	3	—	(5,718)	(10)	(27,133)	—	—		(27,133)
Revenue	709,700	198,899	142,315	340,255	(5,718)		1,385,451	643,223	—		2,028,674
Salaries, wages and benefits	408,680	110,472	84,641	157,792	—		761,585	374,624	—		1,136,209
Professional fees	36,151	9,832	6,737	30,297	—		83,017	18,257	—		101,274
Supplies	34,722	7,582	4,868	15,221	—		62,393	25,670	—		88,063
Rents and leases	8,872	5,771	909	12,925	—		28,477	18,541	—		47,018
Other operating expenses	79,188	18,640	11,644	38,218	(1,122)	(14)	146,568	46,986	—		193,554
Depreciation and amortization	21,696	6,172	11,731	15,352	(8,925)	(11a)	46,026	63,403	(7,771)	(11b)	101,658
Interest expense, net	33,505	1,301	43,084	54,455	(42,941)	(12a)	89,404	118,771	(58,917)	(12b)	149,258
Provision for doubtful accounts	—	—	—	5,718	(5,718)	(10)	—	—	—		—
Debt extinguishment costs	—	—	—	11,622	—		11,622	—	—		11,622
Gain on foreign currency derivatives	(15,262)	—	—	—	15,262	(13)	—	—	—		—
Goodwill and asset impairments	—	—	—	1,089	—		1,089	—	—		1,089
Transaction-related expenses	10,834	—	—	3,256	(14,090)	(14)	—	4,666	(4,666)	(14)	—
Total expenses	618,386	159,770	163,614	345,945	(57,534)		1,230,181	670,918	(71,354)		1,829,745
Income (loss) from continuing operations before income taxes	91,314	39,129	(21,299)	(5,690)	51,816		155,270	(27,695)	71,354		198,929
Provision (benefit) for income taxes	30,383	11,076	30	254	7,943	(15)	49,686	(23,944)	23,990	(15)	49,732
Income (loss) from continuing operations	60,931	28,053	(21,329)	(5,944)	43,873		105,584	(3,751)	47,364		149,197
Income (loss) from discontinued operations, net of income taxes	(20)	—	—	(6,602)	—		(6,622)	—	—		(6,622)
Net income	60,911	28,053	(21,329)	(12,546)	43,873		98,962	(3,751)	47,364		142,575
Net loss attributable to noncontrolling interests	—	—	—	—	—		—	—	—		—
Net income attributable to Acadia Healthcare Company, Inc.	\$ 60,911	\$ 28,053	\$ (21,329)	\$ (12,546)	\$ 43,873		\$ 98,962	\$ (3,751)	\$ 47,364		\$ 142,575
Earnings per share—income (loss) from continuing operations:											
Basic	\$ 1.14						\$ 1.48				\$ 1.73
Diluted	\$ 1.13						\$ 1.48				\$ 1.72
Weighted average shares:											
Basic	53,670				17,453	(16a-c)	71,123		15,363	(16d)	86,486
Diluted	53,922				17,453	(16a-c)	71,375		15,363	(16d)	86,738

See accompanying notes to unaudited pro forma financial information.

NOTES TO UNAUDITED PRO FORMA CONDENSED COMBINED FINANCIAL INFORMATION
(In thousands, except per share amounts)

- (1) The amounts in this column represent, for Acadia, actual results for the periods presented.
- (2) The amounts in this column represent pro forma adjustments for Acadia’s completed acquisitions of (a) McCallum Place on September 3, 2014, (b) Quality Addiction Management, Inc. on March 1, 2015, (c) two facilities from Choice Lifestyles on April 1, 2015, (d) Pastoral Care Group on April 1, 2015, (e) Mildmay Oaks on April 1, 2015, (f) one facility from Choice Lifestyles on June 1, 2015, (g) fifteen facilities from Care UK Limited on June 1, 2015, (h) The Manor Clinic on July 1, 2015, (i) Belmont on July 1, 2015, (j) three facilities from the Danshell Group on September 1, 2015, (k) two facilities from Health and Social Care Partnerships on September 1, 2015, (l) Manor Hall on September 1, 2015, (m) Meadow View on October 1, 2015, (n) one facility from Health and Social Care Partnerships on November 1, 2015, (o) Duffy’s Napa Valley Rehab on November 1, 2015, (p) Discovery House-Group, Inc. on November 1, 2015 and (q) MMO Behavioral Health Systems on December 1, 2015. None of these acquisitions was individually material. Each acquisition is reflected in the adjustments up to its acquisition date. The unaudited pro forma condensed consolidated balance sheet only is adjusted for acquisitions described in (m) through (q), as the other acquisitions were completed prior to September 30, 2015 and are already reflected in the historical balance sheet of Acadia.
- (3) The historical financial statements of Priory were prepared in accordance with International Financial Reporting Standards (“IFRS”) as issued by the International Accounting Standards Board in pounds sterling and have been adjusted to: (i) translate the financial statements to U.S. dollars based on the historical exchange rates below and (ii) to conform to Acadia’s financial statement presentation. No material differences between U.S. GAAP and IFRS have been identified with respect to Priory.

		<u>GBP/USD</u>
September 30, 2015	Spot Rate	\$ 1.5164
Year ended December 31, 2014	Average Rate	\$ 1.6476
Nine months ended September 30, 2015	Average Rate	\$ 1.5322
Nine months ended September 30, 2014	Average Rate	\$ 1.6693

(a) The amount below represent the balances at September 30, 2015.

	Priority (in £ thousands, in IFRS)	Priority (in \$ thousands, in U.S. GAAP)
Current assets:		
Cash and cash equivalents	£ 16,282	\$ 24,690
Accounts receivable, net	43,099	65,355
Deferred tax assets	15,279	23,169
Other current assets	<u>10,588</u>	<u>16,056</u>
Total current assets	85,248	129,270
Property and equipment, net	1,090,643	1,653,851
Goodwill	186,671	283,068
Intangible assets, net	31,605	47,926
Deferred tax assets—noncurrent	6,151	9,327
Total assets	£ <u>1,400,318</u>	\$ <u>2,123,442</u>
Current liabilities:		
Current portion of long-term debt	£ 7,323	\$ 11,105
Accounts payable	56,519	85,705
Accrued salaries and benefits	17,936	27,198
Other accrued liabilities	<u>27,330</u>	<u>41,443</u>
Total current liabilities	109,108	165,451
Long-term debt	900,675	1,365,784
Deferred tax liabilities—noncurrent	145,986	221,373
Other liabilities	<u>23,805</u>	<u>36,098</u>
Total liabilities	1,179,574	1,788,706
Equity:		
Common stock	11,437	17,343
Additional paid-in capital	261,186	396,062
Accumulated deficit	<u>(51,879)</u>	<u>(78,669)</u>
Total equity	220,744	334,736
Total liabilities and equity	£ <u>1,400,318</u>	\$ <u>2,123,442</u>

(b) The amounts below represent results for the year ended December 31, 2014.

	Priority (in £ thousands, in IFRS)	Priority (in \$ thousands, in U.S. GAAP)
Revenue before provision for doubtful accounts	£ 520,738	\$ 857,968
Provision for doubtful accounts	—	—
Revenue	520,738	857,968
Salaries, wages and benefits	301,321	496,456
Professional fees	15,188	25,024
Supplies	20,944	34,507
Rents and leases	16,948	27,924
Other operating expenses	39,205	64,594
Depreciation and amortization	50,192	82,696
Interest expense, net	93,255	153,647
Debt extinguishment	15,984	26,335
Transaction-related expenses	2,795	4,605
Total expenses	555,832	915,788
(Loss) income from continuing operations before income taxes	(35,094)	(57,820)
Benefit for income taxes	22,231	36,628
Loss from continuing operations	£ (12,863)	\$ (21,192)

(c) The amounts below represent results for the nine months ended September 30, 2015.

	Priority (in £ thousands, in IFRS)	Priority (in \$ thousands, in U.S. GAAP)
Revenue before provision for doubtful accounts	£ 424,530	\$ 650,465
Provision for doubtful accounts	—	—
Revenue	424,530	650,465
Salaries, wages and benefits	244,663	374,873
Professional fees	14,194	21,748
Supplies	16,794	25,732
Rents and leases	21,549	33,017
Other operating expenses	40,676	62,324
Depreciation and amortization	37,887	58,050
Interest expense, net	60,802	93,161
Transaction-related expenses	1,504	2,304
Total expenses	438,069	671,209
(Loss) income from continuing operations before income taxes	(13,539)	(20,744)
Benefit for income taxes	194	297
Loss from continuing operations	£ (13,345)	\$ (20,447)

(d) The amounts below represent results for the nine months ended September 30, 2014.

	Priory (in £ thousands, in IFRS)	Priory (in \$ thousands, in U.S. GAAP)
Revenue before provision for doubtful accounts	£ 385,325	\$ 643,223
Provision for doubtful accounts	—	—
Revenue	385,325	643,223
Salaries, wages and benefits	224,420	374,624
Professional fees	10,937	18,257
Supplies	15,378	25,670
Rents and leases	11,107	18,541
Other operating expenses	28,147	46,986
Depreciation and amortization	37,982	63,403
Interest expense, net	71,150	118,771
Transaction-related expenses	2,795	4,666
Total expenses	401,916	670,918
(Loss) income from continuing operations before income taxes	(16,591)	(27,695)
Benefit for income taxes	14,344	23,944
Loss from continuing operations	£ (2,247)	\$ (3,751)

(4) Reflects elimination of equity accounts of Priory.

(5) Represents adjustments based on preliminary estimates of fair value and the adjustment to goodwill derived from the difference in the estimated total consideration to be transferred by Acadia and the estimated fair value of assets acquired and liabilities assumed by Acadia. The cash consideration of \$535,611 and amount required to repay Priory debt at the closing date are based on an assumed exchange rate of 1.48 U.S. dollars to one British Pound Sterling. A \$0.01 change in the exchange rate would change the cash consideration by \$12,750. To the extent that the exchange rate at closing of the Priory acquisition reflects a weaker dollar and is not fixed by the Company through use of forward foreign currency contracts, we expect to utilize our existing revolving line of credit to fund such incremental purchase price. The estimated equity consideration is based on the issuance of 5,363,000 shares of Acadia common stock with a par value of \$0.01 at an assumed value of \$63.00 per share (which was a recent price of Acadia's common stock on the NASDAQ Global Select Market), which results in estimated additional common stock of \$54 and additional paid-in capital of \$337,815. Final equity consideration will be determined at the closing of the purchase.

Cash consideration	\$ 518,000
Assumption of Priory debt	1,369,000
Estimated equity consideration	337,869
Estimated total consideration	2,224,869
Cash	24,690
Accounts receivable	65,355
Deferred tax assets	23,169
Other current assets	16,056
Property and equipment	1,653,851
Intangible assets	37,500
Deferred tax assets—noncurrent	9,327
Accounts payable	(85,705)
Accrued salaries and benefits	(27,198)
Other accrued liabilities	(41,443)
Deferred tax liability- long term	(219,288)
Other long-term liabilities	(36,098)
Fair value of assets acquired and liabilities assumed	\$ 1,420,216
Estimated goodwill	804,653
Less: historical goodwill	(283,068)
Goodwill adjustment	\$ 521,585

The acquired assets and liabilities will be recorded at their relative fair values as of the closing date of the purchase. Estimated goodwill is based upon a determination of the fair value of assets acquired and liabilities assumed that is preliminary and subject to revision as the value of total consideration is finalized and additional information related to the fair value of property and equipment and other assets (including intangible assets) acquired and liabilities assumed becomes available. The actual determination of the fair value of assets acquired and liabilities assumed may differ from that assumed in these unaudited pro forma condensed combined financial statements and such differences may be material. Qualitative factors comprising goodwill include efficiencies derived through synergies expected by coordination of services provided across the combined network of facilities, achievement of operating efficiencies by benchmarking performance and applying best practices throughout the combined company.

- (6) The sources and uses of cash in connection with the purchase of Priory are expected to be as follows:

Sources relating to purchase of Priory:	
New Term Loan B	\$ 955,000
New unsecured senior notes	390,000
Net proceeds from offering of Acadia common stock(a)	607,500
Equity issuance to Priory stockholders(b)	337,869
Total sources	<u>\$ 2,290,369</u>
Uses:	
Equity issuance to Priory stockholders(b)	(337,869)
Cash portion of purchase consideration(c)	(518,000)
Repayment of Priory debt assumed(d)	(1,369,000)
Debt financing costs	(50,000)
Acquisition costs(e)	(15,500)
Total uses	<u>\$ (2,290,369)</u>

- (a) The equity offering proceeds are based on 10,000,000 common shares at an assumed offering price of \$63.00 per share (which was a recent price of Acadia's common stock on the NASDAQ Global Select Market) less underwriting discounts and other equity issuance costs of \$22,500, which results in estimated additional common stock of \$100 and additional paid-in capital of \$607,400. If the option to purchase additional shares in the equity offering is exercised by the underwriters for the equity offering, such proceeds may be used to cash settle a portion of the equity consideration deliverable to Priory stockholders as described in note (b) below.
- (b) The value of the equity to Priory stockholders is based on 5,363,000 common shares per the purchase agreement at an assumed value of \$63.00 per share (which was a recent price of Acadia's common stock on the NASDAQ Global Select Market). The aggregate amount of equity consideration to Priory stockholders is subject to adjustment under certain circumstances set forth in the purchase agreement for the acquisition, including being subject to increase upon any change in Acadia's stock price prior to, and including, pricing of the equity offering from an agreed upon price in the purchase agreement, or subject to decrease if we cash settle all or a portion of the equity consideration.
- (c) The cash consideration of \$518,000 is based on an assumed exchange rate of 1.48 U.S. dollars to one British Pound Sterling.
- (d) The repayment of Priory debt assumed is based on an assumed exchange rate of 1.48 U.S. dollars to one British Pound Sterling.
- (e) The effect of estimated acquisition costs are not included in the pro forma condensed combined statement of operations for the year ended December 31, 2014 and nine months ended September 30, 2015 and 2014 as these costs are nonrecurring and directly related to the transaction.

(7) Represents the following adjustments to long-term debt:

	<u>Current Portion</u>	<u>Long-term Portion</u>	<u>Total Debt</u>
Incremental term B loans	\$ 9,550	\$ 945,450	\$ 955,000
Repayment of Priory debt assumed	(11,105)	(1,365,784)	(1,376,889)
New unsecured senior notes	—	390,000	390,000
Adjustments	<u>\$ (1,555)</u>	<u>\$ (30,334)</u>	<u>\$ (31,889)</u>

(8) The historical financial statements of Partnerships in Care are prepared in accordance with U.K. GAAP and are adjusted to: (i) reconcile the financial statements to U.S. GAAP, (ii) translate the financial statements to U.S. dollars based on the historical exchange rates below and (iii) to conform to Acadia's financial statement presentation.

Six months ended June 30, 2014	Average Rate	<u>GBP/USD</u>
		\$ 1.6687

The amounts below represent results for the six months ended June 30, 2014.

	<u>Partnerships in Care (in £, in U.K. GAAP)</u>	<u>U.S. GAAP Adjustments</u>	<u>Partnerships in Care (in £, in U.S. GAAP)</u>	<u>Partnerships in Care (in \$, in U.S. GAAP)</u>
Revenue before provision for doubtful accounts	£ 85,283	£	£ 85,283	\$ 142,312
Provision for doubtful accounts	2	—	2	3
Revenue	85,285	—	85,285	142,315
Salaries, wages and benefits	51,601	(878)	50,723	84,641
Professional fees	4,037	—	4,037	6,737
Supplies	2,917	—	2,917	4,868
Rents and leases	545	—	545	909
Other operating expenses	6,978	—	6,978	11,644
Depreciation and amortization	5,991	1,039	7,030	11,731
Interest expense, net	31,979	(6,160)	25,819	43,084
Transaction-related expenses	—	—	—	—
Total expenses	104,048	(5,999)	98,049	163,614
(Loss) income from continuing operations before income taxes	(18,763)	5,999	(12,764)	(21,299)
(Benefit) provision for income taxes	(1,063)	1,081	18	30
Loss from continuing operations	<u>£ (17,700)</u>	<u>£ 4,918</u>	<u>£ (12,782)</u>	<u>\$ (21,329)</u>

(9) The amount in this column represent, for CRC, actual results for the periods presented prior to the acquisition date of February 11, 2015.

(10) Reflects reclassification of CRC provision for doubtful accounts to conform to Acadia historical presentation.

(11) Represents the adjustments to depreciation and amortization expense as a result of recording the property and equipment and intangible assets at preliminary estimates of fair value as of the date of the acquisitions, as follows:

(a) Partnerships in Care and CRC:

	Amount	Useful Lives (in years)	Monthly Depreciation	Year Ended December 31, 2014	Nine Months Ended September 30, 2015	Nine Months Ended September 30, 2014
Partnerships in Care:						
Land	\$ 73,689	N/A	\$ —	\$ —	\$ —	\$ —
Building and improvements	446,921	30-50	1,046	6,275	—	6,275
Equipment	19,330	3-10	354	2,127	—	2,127
	<u>539,940</u>		<u>1,400</u>	<u>8,402</u>	<u>—</u>	<u>8,402</u>
Indefinite-lived intangible assets	575	N/A	—	—	—	—
Partnerships in Care depreciation and amortization expense				8,402	—	8,402
CRC:						
Land	24,597	N/A	\$ —	\$ —	\$ —	\$ —
Building and improvements	88,312	10-40	584	7,008	954	5,256
Equipment	21,201	3-10	500	6,000	817	4,500
Construction in progress	3,133	N/A	—	—	—	—
	<u>137,243</u>		<u>1,084</u>	<u>13,008</u>	<u>1,771</u>	<u>9,756</u>
Indefinite-lived intangible assets	37,000	N/A	—	—	—	—
			<u>—</u>	<u>—</u>	<u>—</u>	<u>—</u>
CRC depreciation and amortization expense				13,008	1,771	9,756
Total depreciation and amortization expense				21,410	1,771	18,158
Less: historical depreciation and amortization expense of Partnerships in Care				(11,731)	—	(11,731)
Less: historical depreciation and amortization expense of CRC				<u>(21,290)</u>	<u>(2,459)</u>	<u>(15,352)</u>
Depreciation and amortization expense adjustment				<u>\$ (11,611)</u>	<u>\$ (688)</u>	<u>\$ (8,925)</u>

(b): Priority:

	Amount	Useful Lives (in years)	Monthly Depreciation	Year Ended December 31, 2014	Nine Months Ended September 30, 2015	Nine Months Ended September 30, 2014
Land	\$ 255,745	N/A	\$ —	\$ —	\$ —	\$ —
Building and improvements	1,202,113	30-50	2,531	32,653	22,774	24,812
Equipment	183,354	3-10	3,143	40,560	28,289	30,820
Construction in progress	12,639	N/A	—	—	—	—
	<u>1,653,851</u>		<u>5,674</u>	<u>73,213</u>	<u>51,063</u>	<u>55,632</u>
Indefinite-lived intangible assets	37,500	N/A	—	—	—	—
Depreciation and amortization expense				73,213	51,063	55,632
Less: historical depreciation and amortization expense				<u>(82,696)</u>	<u>(58,050)</u>	<u>(63,403)</u>
Depreciation and amortization expense adjustment				<u>\$ (9,483)</u>	<u>\$ (6,987)</u>	<u>\$ (7,771)</u>

(12) Represents an adjustment to interest expense to give effect to the following transactions:

(a) Partnerships in Care, CRC and other completed acquisitions

	Year Ended December 31, 2014	Nine Months Ended September 30, 2015	Nine Months Ended September 30, 2014
Interest related to 5.125% Senior Notes due 2022	\$ 7,688	\$ —	\$ 7,688
Interest related to 5.625% Senior Notes due 2023	36,563	13,828	26,778
Interest related to Term Loan A	8,225	—	6,169
Interest related to Term Loan B	21,250	2,892	15,938
Interest related to change in the applicable interest rate on term A loans based on Acadia's consolidated leverage ratio	1,141	285	856
Interest related to paydown of 12.875% Senior Notes	(12,553)	(8,892)	(8,892)
Interest related to revolving line of credit paydown, net of borrowing	5,425	4,219	4,459
Interest related to amortization of deferred financing costs	3,674	676	2,903
Less: historical interest expense of Partnerships in Care	(43,084)	—	(43,084)
Less: historical interest expense of CRC	(72,718)	(8,883)	(54,455)
Less: historical interest expense of other completed acquisitions	(1,634)	(991)	(1,301)
Interest expense adjustment	<u>\$ (46,023)</u>	<u>\$ 3,134</u>	<u>\$ (42,941)</u>

(b) Priory

	Year Ended December 31, 2014	Nine Months Ended September 30, 2015	Nine Months Ended September 30, 2014
Interest related to new unsecured senior notes(i)	\$ 27,300	\$ 20,475	\$ 20,475
Interest related to Incremental Term Loan B(ii)	45,363	34,022	34,022
Interest related to amortization of deferred financing costs	7,143	5,357	5,357
Less: historical interest expense	(153,647)	(93,161)	(118,771)
Interest expense adjustment	<u>\$ (73,841)</u>	<u>\$ (33,307)</u>	<u>\$ (58,917)</u>

(i) An increase or decrease of 0.125% in the assumed interest rate of 7.0% would result in a change of \$0.5 million, \$0.4 million and \$0.4 million for the year ended December 31, 2014 and nine months ended September 30, 2015 and 2014, respectively.

(ii) An increase or decrease of 0.125% in the assumed interest rate of 4.75% would result in a change of \$1.2 million, \$0.9 million and \$0.9 million for the year ended December 31, 2014 and nine months ended September 30, 2015 and 2014, respectively.

(13) Represents the change in fair value of foreign currency derivatives purchased by Acadia related to its investments in to the U.K. to fund the acquisition of Partnerships in Care on July 1, 2014 and subsequent transactions occurring in 2015. This expense is omitted in the pro forma statement of operations as it is non-recurring and directly related to such transactions.

(14) Reflects the removal of acquisition-related expenses included in the historical statements of operations.

(15) Reflects adjustments to income taxes to reflect the impact of the above pro forma adjustments applying combined U.S. federal and state statutory tax rates and U.K. statutory rates.

(16) Represents adjustments to weighted average shares used to compute basic and diluted earnings per share for the following.

(a) To reflect the effect of 8,881,794 shares of common stock issued by Acadia in June 2014, which resulted in an increase in the weighted average shares outstanding of 8,881,794 for the year ended December 31, 2014 and nine months ended September 30, 2014 on a pro forma basis. The proceeds of Acadia's offering of such common stock were used to partially fund Acadia's acquisition of Partnerships in Care on July 1, 2014.

(b) To reflect the effect of 5,975,326 shares of common stock issued by Acadia in February 2015, which resulted in an increase in the weighted average shares outstanding of 5,975,326 for the year ended December 31, 2014 and nine months ended September 30, 2015 and 2014 on a pro forma basis. The proceeds of Acadia's offering of such common stock were used to partially fund Acadia's acquisition of CRC on February 11, 2015.

(c) To reflect the effect of 5,175,000 shares of common stock issued by Acadia in May 2015, which resulted in an increase in the weighted average shares outstanding of 5,175,000 for the year ended December 31, 2014 on a pro forma basis. The proceeds of Acadia's offering of such common stock were used to repay outstanding indebtedness and fund acquisitions.

(d) To reflect the effect of an estimated 15,363,000 shares of common stock to be issued by Acadia. To the extent the price per share of Acadia common stock is lower than the assumed price per share of \$63.00, we may need to issue additional shares of common stock to finance the Priory acquisition. A 300,000 increase in the outstanding shares would reduce earnings per share by \$0.01 on a fully diluted basis.

Independent Auditors' Report

To the board of directors and shareholders of Priory Group No.1 Limited

We have audited the accompanying consolidated financial statements of Priory Group No.1 Limited and its subsidiaries, which comprise the consolidated balance sheets as of 31 December 2014, 2013 and 2012 and the related consolidated income statements, statements of comprehensive income, statements of shareholders' equity and statements of cash flows for the years then ended.

Management's Responsibility for the Consolidated Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the consolidated financial statements in accordance with International Financial Reporting Standards as issued by the International Accounting Standards Board; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of consolidated financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditors' Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on the consolidated financial statements based on our audits. We conducted our audits in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the consolidated financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the consolidated financial statements. The procedures selected depend on our judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the consolidated financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, we consider internal control relevant to the Company's preparation and fair presentation of the consolidated financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Company's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the consolidated financial statements. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion.

Opinion

In our opinion, the consolidated financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of Priory Group No.1 Limited and its subsidiaries at 31 December 2014, 2013 and 2012 and the results of its operations and its cash flows for the years then ended in accordance with International Financial Reporting Standards as issued by the International Accounting Standards Board.

/s/ PricewaterhouseCoopers LLP
Leeds, United Kingdom
4 January 2016

Historical Financial Information for the years ended 31 December 2012, 2013 and 2014

Consolidated Income Statement

	Note	For the year ended 31 December		
		2012	2013	2014
		<i>(£ thousands)</i>		
Revenue	3	463,074	480,836	520,738
Operating costs (including exceptional items of £4.7m in 2012 (2013: £54.7m; 2014: £2.5m))	4	(385,471)	(461,566)	(446,593)
Operating profit	3	77,603	19,270	74,145
Finance costs (including exceptional items of £nil in 2012 (2013: £nil; 2014: £15.9m))	8	(88,623)	(91,827)	(109,468)
Finance income	8	104	179	229
Loss before tax		(10,916)	(72,378)	(35,094)
Income tax	9	23,379	43,433	22,231
Profit/(loss) for the financial year		12,463	(28,945)	(12,863)
Attributable to:				
Owners of the parent		12,728	(28,860)	(12,863)
Non-controlling interest		(265)	(85)	—

Consolidated statement of comprehensive income

	For the year ended 31 December		
	2012	2013	2014
	<i>(£ thousands)</i>		
Profit/(loss) for the financial year	12,463	(28,945)	(12,863)
Other comprehensive income	—	—	—
Total comprehensive income for the year	<u>12,463</u>	<u>(28,945)</u>	<u>(12,863)</u>
Attributable to:			
Owners of the parent	12,728	(28,860)	(12,863)
Non-controlling interests	<u>(265)</u>	<u>(85)</u>	<u>—</u>

Consolidated Balance Sheet

	Note	For the year ended 31 December		
		2012	2013	2014
<i>(£ thousands)</i>				
Non-current assets				
Intangible assets	11	217,518	212,410	215,452
Property, plant and equipment	12	1,334,607	1,292,701	1,088,360
		1,552,125	1,505,111	1,303,812
Current assets				
Inventories	13	55	50	49
Trade and other receivables	14	26,177	30,265	38,005
Cash	15	43,009	44,414	22,644
		69,241	74,729	60,698
Assets held for sale	16	19,343	21,637	10,808
		88,584	96,366	71,506
Total assets		1,640,709	1,601,477	1,375,318
Current liabilities				
Trade and other payables	17	(84,846)	(76,497)	(83,927)
Borrowings	18	(24,219)	(24,193)	(17,886)
Provisions for liabilities and charges	19	(2,132)	(2,857)	(4,760)
		(111,197)	(103,547)	(106,573)
Net current liabilities		(22,613)	(7,181)	(35,067)
Non-current liabilities				
Borrowings	18	(1,027,200)	(1,061,454)	(865,563)
Deferred income tax	20	(209,418)	(167,037)	(147,108)
Provisions for liabilities and charges	19	(15,123)	(22,489)	(21,986)
		(1,251,741)	(1,250,980)	(1,034,657)
Total liabilities		(1,362,938)	(1,354,527)	(1,141,230)
Net assets		277,771	246,950	234,088
Equity attributable to owners of the parent:				
Share capital	22	261,179	261,184	261,185
Share premium account		11,344	11,437	11,437
Retained earnings/(accumulated deficit)		1,621	(25,671)	(38,534)
		274,144	246,950	234,088
Non-controlling interests		3,627	—	—
Total equity		277,771	246,950	234,088

Consolidated Statement of Cash Flows

	Note	For the year ended 31 December		
		2012	2013	2014
(£ thousands)				
Operating activities				
Operating profit		77,603	19,270	74,145
Loss/(profit) on disposal of property, plant and equipment	7	349	(53)	(7,897)
Depreciation of property, plant and equipment	4	40,336	42,557	43,989
Amortisation of intangible assets	4	7,335	6,746	6,203
Impairment of property, plant and equipment	7	—	42,587	—
Decrease in inventories		2	5	3
Increase in trade and other receivables		(1,346)	(3,914)	(6,129)
(Decrease)/increase in trade and other payables		(5,377)	(7,083)	5,008
(Decrease)/increase in provisions		(1,359)	4,959	(1,628)
Provision for future minimum rental increases		2,962	3,132	2,850
		<u>120,505</u>	<u>108,206</u>	<u>116,544</u>
Corporation tax refunded/(paid)		1,129	(367)	(366)
Net cash generated from operating activities		<u>121,634</u>	<u>107,839</u>	<u>116,178</u>
Investing activities				
Interest received		104	179	229
Purchase of subsidiaries, net of cash acquired	10	(24,221)	(5,358)	(18,181)
Purchase of subsidiaries, deferred consideration	10	—	(450)	—
Proceeds on disposal of property, plant and equipment	7	1,959	4,961	239,952
Purchases of intangible assets		—	(171)	—
Purchases of property, plant and equipment		(49,368)	(44,714)	(47,201)
Net cash (used in)/generated from investing activities		<u>(71,526)</u>	<u>(45,553)</u>	<u>174,799</u>
Financing activities				
Proceeds from borrowings	18	12,000	5,500	24,250
Repayments of borrowings	18	—	—	(10,500)
Purchase of non-controlling interest		—	(1,872)	—
Repayment of obligations under finance leases		(1,570)	(2,023)	(2,011)
Issue of ordinary shares		30	90	—
Issue of shares to non-controlling interest		340	—	—
Repayment of high yield bonds	18	—	—	(257,547)
Interest paid		(62,158)	(62,576)	(66,939)
Net cash used in financing activities		<u>(51,358)</u>	<u>(60,881)</u>	<u>(312,747)</u>
Net (decrease)/increase in cash		<u>(1,250)</u>	<u>1,405</u>	<u>(21,770)</u>
Cash at the beginning of the year	15	<u>44,259</u>	<u>43,009</u>	<u>44,414</u>
Cash at the end of the year	15	<u>43,009</u>	<u>44,414</u>	<u>22,644</u>

Consolidated Statement of Changes in Equity

	Share capital	Share premium account	Accumulated losses	Non- controlling interest	Total equity
			<i>(£ thousands)</i>		
At 1 January 2012	261,178	11,225	(11,107)	—	261,296
Profit for the year	—	—	12,728	(265)	12,463
<i>Transactions with owners:</i>					
Issue of shares	1	119	—	—	120
Arising on business combinations	—	—	—	3,750	3,750
Shares issued to non-controlling interests	—	—	—	340	340
Distribution to non-controlling interest	—	—	—	(198)	(198)
At 31 December 2012	261,179	11,344	1,621	3,627	277,771
Loss for the year	—	—	(28,860)	(85)	(28,945)
<i>Transactions with owners:</i>					
Issue of shares	5	93	—	—	98
Distribution to non-controlling interest	—	—	—	(102)	(102)
Purchase of non-controlling interest	—	—	1,568	(3,440)	(1,872)
At 31 December 2013	261,184	11,437	(25,671)	—	246,950
Loss for the year	—	—	(12,863)	—	(12,863)
<i>Transactions with owners:</i>					
Issue of shares	1	—	—	—	1
At 31 December 2014	261,185	11,437	(38,534)	—	234,088

1. General information

Priory Group No. 1 Limited (the “Company”) is a company incorporated and domiciled in the United Kingdom. The address of the registered office is Fifth Floor, 80 Hammersmith Road, London W14 8UD. The Company is the holding company of Priory Group No. 2 Limited and its subsidiaries (collectively, the “Group”), whose principal activity is the provision of behavioural care in the United Kingdom, focusing on the provision of acute psychiatry, forensic and rehabilitation and recovery services, specialist education and children’s services, older people care, and specialist support for adults who have learning difficulties.

2. Significant accounting policies

2.1 Basis of preparation

2.1.1 Accounting framework

This historical financial information presents the financial track record of the Group for the three years ended 31 December 2014. This special purpose financial information has been prepared in accordance with the requirements of International Financial Reporting Standards as issued by the International Accounting Standards Board (“IFRS”) and with those parts of the Companies Act 2006 applicable to companies reporting under IFRS.

This historical financial information is prepared in accordance with IFRS under the historical cost convention. The historical financial information is presented in thousands of pounds sterling (“£”) except when otherwise indicated.

This historical financial information was approved and authorised for issue on 4 January 2016.

The principal accounting policies adopted in the preparation of the historical financial information are set out below. The policies have been consistently applied to all the years presented, unless otherwise stated.

The preparation of historical financial information in accordance with IFRS requires management to make judgments, estimates and assumptions that affect the application of policies and reported amounts of assets and liabilities, and income and expenses. The estimates and associated assumptions are based on historical experience and various other factors that are believed to be reasonable in the particular circumstance, the results of which form the basis of making judgments about carrying values of assets and liabilities that are not readily apparent from other sources. Actual results may differ from these estimates. The areas involving a higher degree of complexity, or areas where assumptions and estimates are significant to the financial statements are discussed in note 2.18.

2.1.2 Going concern

This historical financial information relating to the Group has been prepared on the going concern basis.

The Group maintains a mixture of medium-term debt, committed credit facilities, lease finance arrangements and cash reserves, which together are designed to ensure that the Group has sufficient available funds to finance its operations. The Board reviews forecasts of the Group’s liquidity requirements based on a range of scenarios to ensure it has sufficient cash to meet operational needs while maintaining sufficient headroom on its committed borrowing facilities at all times so that the Group does not breach borrowing limits or covenants (where applicable) on any of its borrowing facilities.

After making appropriate enquiries and having considered the business activities and the Group’s principal risks and uncertainties, the Directors are satisfied that the Group as a whole has adequate resources to continue in operational existence for the foreseeable future. Accordingly, the historical financial information has been prepared on a going concern basis.

2.2 Basis of consolidation

The consolidated historical financial information include the historical financial information of Priory Group No. 1 Limited (the “Company”) and all of its subsidiary undertakings (together, the “Group”). Subsidiaries are all entities (including structured entities) over which the Group has control. The Group controls an entity when the Group is exposed to, or has rights to, variable returns from its involvement with the entity and has the ability to affect those returns through its power over the entity. Subsidiaries are fully consolidated from the date on which control is transferred to the Group. They are deconsolidated from the date that control ceases. The purchase method is used to account for the acquisition of subsidiaries and group reorganisations. Under the

purchase method the cost of the acquisition is measured as the fair value of the assets given, equity instruments issued and liabilities incurred in exchange for the subsidiary. Identifiable assets, liabilities and contingent liabilities assumed in a business combination are measured at their fair values at the acquisition date. All acquisition costs are expensed immediately.

Non-controlling interests are initially measured at fair value.

Intercompany transactions and balances between group entities are eliminated on consolidation. Where necessary the accounting policies applied by subsidiaries have been changed to ensure consistency with the accounting policies applied by the Group.

2.3 ***Non-current assets held for sale***

Non-current assets and disposal groups classified as held for sale are measured at the lower of their carrying amount and fair value less costs to sell.

Non-current assets and disposal groups are classified as held for sale if the carrying amount will be recovered through a sale transaction rather than through continuing use. This condition is regarded as met only when the sale is highly probable and the asset or disposal group is available for immediate sale in its present condition. Management must be committed to the sale and expect the sale to complete within one year from the date of classification or the reporting date.

2.4 ***Intangible assets***

2.4.1 ***Goodwill***

Goodwill arising on consolidation represents the excess of the cost of acquisition over the Group's interest in the fair value of the identifiable assets and liabilities of a subsidiary, associate or jointly controlled entity at the date of acquisition. Goodwill is initially recognised as an asset at cost and is subsequently measured at cost less any accumulated impairment losses. Goodwill is reviewed for impairment at least annually, or more frequently where circumstances suggest an impairment may have occurred. Any impairment is recognised immediately in the income statement and is not subsequently reversed.

For the purpose of impairment testing, goodwill is allocated to each of the Group's cash-generating units on an EBITDAR basis, in line with the expected benefit from the synergies of the combination. Cash-generating units to which goodwill has been allocated are tested for impairment annually, or more frequently when there is an indication that the unit may be impaired. If the recoverable amount of the cash-generating unit is less than the carrying amount of that unit, the impairment loss is allocated first to reduce the carrying amount of any goodwill allocated to the unit and then to the other assets of the unit pro-rata on the basis of the carrying amount of each asset in the unit.

On disposal of a subsidiary, the attributable amount of goodwill is included in the determination of the profit or loss on disposal.

2.4.2 ***Brands and customer contracts***

Acquired brands and customer contracts acquired in a business combination are shown at their fair value at the acquisition date. They have finite useful economic lives and are carried at cost less accumulated amortisation. Brands are amortised on a straight line basis to allocate the cost of a brand over its estimated useful life of up to 30 years. Customer contracts are amortised on an attrition basis over their useful economic lives of between 3 and 10 years. Attrition rates are calculated with reference to the average length of stay of service users.

2.5 ***Segment reporting***

The Group operates solely in the UK, therefore no geographical disclosures are presented. Segmental information is presented in respect of the Group's operating segments, based on management's internal reporting structure and information reported to the chief operating decision maker, which is considered to be the Group's executive management team which comprises the executive directors and certain other members of senior management. Further details are provided in note 3 to the historical financial information.

2.6 ***Revenue recognition***

Revenue represents consideration received for the provision of healthcare, education, elderly care and specialist services. Revenue is recognised to the extent it is probable that the economic benefits will flow to the Group and the revenue can be reliably measured. Revenue is measured at the fair value of the consideration received, excluding discounts, rebates and sales taxes.

Revenue in respect of the provision of healthcare, education, elderly care and specialist services is recognised in respect of the number of days of care that have been provided in the relevant period. Revenue in respect of ancillary services is recognised as the services are provided, assuming that the other revenue recognition criteria are met. Revenue paid in advance is included in deferred income until the service is provided. Revenue in respect of services provided but not yet invoiced by the period end is included within accrued income.

2.7 ***Borrowing costs and interest***

All borrowing costs are recognised in the income statement in the period in which they are incurred. The Group has no borrowing costs directly attributable to the acquisition, construction or production of specific qualifying assets.

Interest income is recognised in the income statement as it accrued, using the effective interest method.

2.8 ***Retirement benefit costs***

Payments to defined contribution retirement benefit schemes are charged as an expense as they fall due, when the service is provided by the employee. Payments made to state-managed retirement benefit schemes are dealt with as payments to defined contribution schemes where the Group's obligations under the schemes are equivalent to those arising in a defined contribution retirement benefit scheme.

The Group, through one of its subsidiary companies, operates a funded defined benefit pension scheme, the "Health & Care Services (UK) Limited Pension and Life Assurance Scheme" for a small number of staff at one of its homes. The defined benefit obligation, plan assets and net surplus/deficit are not material, and are therefore not separately disclosed in the historical financial information.

2.9 ***Taxation***

The tax expense represents the sum of the tax currently payable and deferred tax.

The tax currently payable is based on taxable profit for the year. Taxable profit can differ from the net profit or loss as reported in the income statement because it excludes items of income or expense that are taxable or deductible in other years, or that are never taxable or deductible. The Group's liability for current tax is calculated using tax rates that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the balance sheet date.

Deferred tax is the tax expected to be payable or recoverable on differences between the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities in the financial statements and the corresponding tax bases used in the computation of taxable profit, and is accounted for using the balance sheet liability method. Deferred tax liabilities are recognised for all taxable temporary differences and deferred tax assets are recognised to the extent that it is probable that taxable profits will be available against which deductible temporary differences can be utilised.

The carrying amount of deferred tax assets is reviewed at each balance sheet date and reduced to the extent that it is no longer probable that sufficient taxable profits will be available to allow all or part of the asset to be recovered.

Deferred tax is calculated at the tax rates that are expected to apply in the period when the liability is settled or the asset is realised. Deferred tax is charged or credited in the income statement, except when it relates to items charged or credited in other comprehensive income or directly to equity, in which case the deferred tax is also dealt with in other comprehensive income or equity.

Deferred tax assets and liabilities are offset when there is a legally enforceable right to offset current tax assets against current tax liabilities and when they relate to income taxes levied by the same taxation authority, and the Group intends to settle its current tax assets and liabilities on a net basis.

Current and deferred tax balances are not discounted.

2.10 ***Property, plant and equipment***

Property, plant and equipment is stated at cost less accumulated depreciation and impairment losses. Cost includes the original purchase price of the asset and the costs attributable to bringing the asset to its working condition for its intended use.

Assets in the course of construction represent the direct costs of purchasing, constructing and installing property, plant and equipment ahead of their productive use. No depreciation is provided on an asset that is in the course of construction until it is completed and the asset is ready for its intended use.

Depreciation is provided to write off the cost less estimated residual value of property, plant and equipment by equal instalments over their estimated useful economic lives as follows:

- *Buildings – 50 years or over the period of the lease, if shorter*
- *Fixtures and fittings – 3 to 16 years*
- *Motor vehicles – 4 years or over the period of the lease, if shorter*

The expected residual values and useful lives of the assets to the business are reassessed, and adjusted if appropriate at each balance sheet date. Land is not depreciated on the basis that land has an unlimited life. Where the cost of land and buildings cannot be split, the directors have estimated that the value attributable to land is 22 per cent. of the cost of the land and buildings, based on experience.

2.11 **Inventory**

Inventory comprises primarily medical drugs and supplies and is stated at the lower of cost and net realisable value.

2.12 **Leases**

2.12.1 *Finance leases*

Leases in which the Group assumes substantially all the risks and rewards of ownership of the leased asset are classified as finance leases. Where land and buildings are held under leases the accounting treatment of the land is considered separately from that of the buildings. Lease assets acquired by way of finance leases are stated at an amount equal to the lower of their fair value and the present value of the minimum lease payments at the inception of the lease, less accumulated depreciation and impairment losses. Leased assets classified as property, plant and equipment are depreciated over the shorter of their useful economic lives or the period of the lease.

Lease payments made in respect of finance leases are apportioned between the finance charge and the reduction of the outstanding liability. The finance charge is allocated to each period during the lease term so as to produce a constant period rate of interest on the remaining balance of the liability.

2.12.2 *Operating leases*

Lease payments made in respect of operating leases are recognised on a straight line basis over the term of the lease. Minimum future rental increases are also recognised on a straight line basis and this non cash element is included in provisions until it is reversed in future periods.

2.12.3 *Future minimum rental increases*

The charge for future minimum rental increases reflects the non-cash element of rent expense which arises upon the straight lining of rent on leasehold properties over the lease term where the conditions of the lease stipulate that annual (or other periodic) rent uplifts are made according to a fixed minimum percentage. Leases which do contain fixed minimum percentage uplifts (for example where rent reviews are market-based or calculated by reference to an inflationary index) are not subject to a charge for future minimum rental increases.

2.13 **Non derivative financial instruments**

Non derivative financial instruments comprise trade and other receivables, cash, borrowings and trade and other payables. Non derivative financial instruments are recognised initially at fair value. The Group has no financial instruments measured at fair value through the income statement. Subsequent to initial recognition, financial instruments are measured as described below:

2.13.1 *Trade and other receivables*

Trade and other receivables are initially stated at fair value and subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest rate method, less any impairment losses, and are assessed for indicators of impairment at least monthly. Trade and other receivables are considered to be impaired where there is objective evidence that the estimated future cash flows associated with the asset have been affected. In addition, certain trade and other receivables that are not considered to be individually impaired, may be assessed for impairment on a collective

basis. Objective evidence for impairment for a portfolio of receivables could include the Group's past experience of collecting payment, an increase in the number of delayed payments, as well as observable changes in national or local economic conditions.

2.13.2 *Cash*

Cash comprises all bank balances and is stated in the balance sheet at fair value. The Group does not hold any cash equivalents.

2.13.3 *Trade and other payables*

Trade and other payables are initially stated at fair value and subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest rate method.

2.13.4 *Borrowings*

All borrowings are initially stated at the fair value of proceeds received after deduction of finance costs and are subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest rate method. The issue costs are amortised over the life of the underlying borrowings at a constant rate on the carrying amount.

On early repayment of the borrowings, the balance of the unamortised issue costs, and any premium and discounts arising in the early repayment of borrowings are recognised in the income statement.

Details of the Group's financial risk management policies are included in note 25 to the historical financial information.

2.14 *Classification of financial instruments issued by the Group*

Debt and equity instruments are classified as either financial liabilities or as equity in accordance with the substance of the contractual arrangement. An equity instrument is any contract that evidences a residual interest in the assets of the Group after deducting all of its liabilities. Instruments issued that do not evidence a residual interest in the assets of the Group are classified as liabilities. Equity instruments issued by the Group are recognised in equity at the value of the net proceeds received.

2.15 *Provisions*

Provisions are recognised when the Group has a present obligation (legal or constructive) as a result of a past event, it is probable that the Group will be required to settle that obligation and reliable estimate can be made of the amount of the obligation. The amount recognised as a provision is the best estimate of the consideration required to settle the present obligation at the balance sheet date, taking into account the risks and uncertainties surrounding the obligation. Where a provision is measured using the cash flows estimated to settle the present obligation, its carrying amount is the present value of those cash flows.

2.16 *Preference shares*

By reference to the underlying terms of the preference shares that the Group has in issue, it has determined that the preference shares represent a residual interest in the assets of the Group and are consequently classified as equity instruments.

2.17 *Non-GAAP measures and exceptional items*

The Group assesses its operational performance using a number of financial measures, some of which are "non-GAAP measures" as they are not measures defined within IFRS. These measures include Earnings Before Interest, Tax, Depreciation, Amortisation, Rent and exceptional items ("Adjusted EBITDAR"); Earnings Before Interest, Tax, Depreciation, Amortisation, exceptional items and future minimum rental increases ("Adjusted EBITDA before future minimum rental increases"); and Earnings Before Interest, Tax, Depreciation, Amortisation and exceptional items ("Adjusted EBITDA"). The directors believe presenting the Group's results in this way provides users of the historical financial information with additional useful information on the underlying performance of the business, and is consistent with how business performance is monitored internally.

Items considered to be material or non-recurring and whose significance is sufficient to warrant separate disclosure and identification within the historical financial information are referred to as exceptional items. Items that may give rise to classification as exceptional include, but are not limited to, significant and material restructuring and reorganisation programmes, re-financing and acquisition costs, impairment charges and profits or losses on the disposal of assets. Further details of exceptional items are provided in note 7 to the historical financial information.

2.18 **Significant sources of estimation, uncertainty and critical accounting judgments in applying the Group's accounting policies**

The preparation of financial information in conformity with IFRS requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities as at the date of the financial information and the reported amounts of revenue and expenses during the period then ended. Management bases its estimates on historical experience and various other assumptions that are considered to be reasonable in the particular circumstances. Actual results may differ from these estimates.

Estimates are used in accounting for allowances for uncollected receivables, depreciation, impairment, taxes and contingencies. Estimates and assumptions are reviewed periodically and the effects of the revision are reflected in the financial information in the period that an adjustment is determined to be required.

Significant accounting judgments have been applied by the Group in order to prepare the consolidated financial information with respect to the valuation of deferred tax assets, the impairment of goodwill, the valuation of property, plant and equipment and the initial recognition and subsequent amortisation of customer relationships and other intangible assets. These judgments are as follows:

2.18.1 *Valuation of deferred tax assets*

Deferred tax assets and liabilities require management judgment in determining the amounts to be recognised. In particular, judgment is used when assessing the extent to which deferred tax assets should be recognised with consideration given to the timing and level of future taxable income.

2.18.2 *Impairment of goodwill*

Determining whether goodwill is impaired requires an estimation of the value in use of the groups of cash-generating units to which goodwill has been allocated and is monitored internally. The value in use calculation requires management to estimate the future cash flows and growth rates expected to arise from the cash-generating unit, and select a suitable discount rate in order to calculate present value. Changes to the assumptions regarding discount rates, growth rates and expected changes to revenues and costs used in making these forecasts could significantly alter the assessment of the carrying value of goodwill.

2.18.3 *Initial recognition and subsequent amortisation of customer relationships and other intangible assets*

In accounting for each acquisition, the Group considers whether there are acquired intangible assets that qualify for separate recognition. In respect of acquisitions completed in the years ended 31 December 2012, 31 December 2013 and 31 December 2014, the Group has concluded that two classes of intangibles qualify under certain circumstances: brands and customer contracts. The valuation method used to value the customer contracts is a multi-period excess earnings method, based on an estimate of the amount of earnings attributable to those contracts. The intangible asset is then amortised on an attrition basis. The valuation method used to value acquired brands is the royalty relief method, with subsequent amortisation charged on a straight line basis. Estimating excess earnings, appropriate royalty rates and the useful economic life of customer contracts and brands requires management judgment and discretion.

2.19 **Adoption of new and revised Standards**

From 1 January 2012 the following Standards and interpretations became effective and were adopted by the Group:

- IAS 24 (revised) "Related party disclosures"
- Amendment to IFRS 1 in respect of hyperinflation
- Amendment to IFRS 7 in respect of transfers of financial assets
- Amendment to IAS 12 "Income taxes" on deferred tax

From 1 January 2013 the following Standards and interpretations became effective and were adopted by the Group:

- IFRS 13 "Fair value measurements"

- Amendments to IFRS 1 “First time adoption”
- Amendment to IFRS 7 in respect of financial instruments and liability offsetting
- Amendment to IAS 1 “Presentation of financial instruments” in respect of Other Comprehensive Income
- Amendment to IAS 12 “Income taxes” on deferred tax
- Annual improvements 2011
- IFRIC 20 “Stripping costs in the production phase of a surface mine”

From 1 January 2014 the following Standards and interpretations became effective and were adopted by the Group:

- IFRS 10 “Consolidated financial statements”
- IFRS 11 “Joint arrangements”
- IFRS 12 “Disclosures of interests in other entities”
- IAS 27 (revised 2011) “Separate financial statements”
- IAS 28 (revised 2011) “Associates and joint ventures”
- Amendments to IFRS 10 “Consolidated financial statements”, IFRS 12 and IAS 27 on consolidation for investment entities
- Amendments to IFRS 10, 11 and 12 on transition guidance
- Amendments to IAS 32 on financial instruments asset and liability offsetting
- Amendments to IAS 36 “Impairment of assets” on recoverable amount disclosures
- Amendments to IAS 39 “Financial instruments: recognition and measurement” on novation of derivatives and hedge accounting
- IFRIC 21 “Levies”

The adoption of these Standards and interpretations has had no impact on the Group’s profit/(loss), total comprehensive income, or equity.

The following new Standards, amendments and interpretations, which are in issue at 31 December 2014 but not yet effective, have not been applied in this historical financial information:

- Annual improvements 2011 – 2013 (effective for periods commencing on or after 1 July 2014)
- Amendment to IAS 19 (revised 2011) “Employee benefits” regarding defined benefit pension plans (effective for periods commencing on or after 1 July 2014)
- Amendment to IFRS 11 “Joint arrangements” on acquisition of an interest in a joint operation (effective for periods commencing on or after 1 January 2016)
- Amendment to IAS 16 “Property, plant and equipment” and IAS 38 “Intangible assets” on depreciation and amortisation (effective for periods commencing on or after 1 January 2016)
- Amendment to IAS 16 “Property, plant and equipment” and IAS 41 “Agriculture” regarding bearer plants (effective for periods commencing on or after 1 January 2016)
- IFRS 14 “Regulatory deferral accounts (effective for periods commencing on or after 1 January 2016)
- Amendments to IAS 27 “Separate financial statements” on the equity method (effective for periods commencing on or after 1 January 2016)
- Amendments to IFRS 10 “Consolidated financial statements” and IAS 28 “Investments in associates and joint ventures” (effective for periods commencing on or after 1 January 2016)
- Annual improvements 2014 (effective for periods commencing on or after 1 January 2016)
- IFRS 15 “Revenue from contracts with customers” (effective for periods commencing on or after 1 January 2017)
- IFRS 9 “Financial instruments” (effective for periods commencing on or after 1 January 2018)
- Amendments to IFRS 9 “Financial instruments” regarding general hedge accounting (effective for periods commencing on or after 1 January 2018)

With the exception of IFRS 15 and the Amendments to IFRS 9, the directors expect that the adoption of the Standards and interpretations listed above will not have a material impact on the financial information of the Group in future reporting periods. The directors are currently assessing the impact of IFRS 15 and the Amendments to IFRS 9.

3. Segmental information

3.1 General information

3.1.1 The Group is organised into the following operating segments:

- 3.1.1.1 The *Healthcare* segment focuses on the treatment of patients with a variety of psychiatric conditions which are treated in both open and secure environments. This segment also provides neuro-rehabilitation services.
- 3.1.1.2 The *Education* segment provides day and residential schooling, care and assessment for children with emotional and behavioural difficulties or autistic spectrum disorders.
- 3.1.1.3 The *Older People Services* segment provides long term, short term and respite nursing care for older people who are physically frail or suffering from dementia related disorders, trading under the brand, "Amore Care".
- 3.1.1.4 The *Adult Care* segment focuses on the care of service users with a variety of learning difficulties and mental health illnesses. This segment includes care homes and supported living services.

The Group also has a central office, which carries out administrative and management activities. All of the Group's revenue arises in the United Kingdom. There are no sales between segments and all revenue arises from external customers and relate to the provision of services. All of the Group's assets are domiciled in the UK.

3.2 Segment revenues and results

The measure of segment profit is adjusted earnings before interest, tax, depreciation, amortisation, rent and exceptional items (Adjusted EBITDAR), being EBITDAR before exceptional items. Adjusted EBITDAR is reported at least monthly to the Group's chief operating decision maker for the purposes of resource allocation and assessment of segment performance. Items below Adjusted EBITDAR are typically reported to, and reviewed by, the Group's chief operating decision maker annually.

Central costs include the Group's centralised functions such as finance and accounting centres, IT, marketing, human resources, payroll and other costs not directly related to the hospitals, schools and care homes included in the reportable segments.

The following is an analysis of the Group's revenue and results by reportable segment:

Year ended 31 December 2012

	<u>Healthcare</u>	<u>Education</u>	<u>Older People Services</u>	<u>Adult Care</u>	<u>Central</u>	<u>Total</u>
	£'000	£'000	£'000	£'000	£'000	£'000
Revenue	215,139	97,052	62,150	88,733	—	463,074
Adjusted EBITDAR	<u>72,787</u>	<u>38,216</u>	<u>12,315</u>	<u>31,169</u>	<u>(10,237)</u>	<u>144,250</u>
Rent	(192)	(3,415)	(6,937)	(743)	(4)	(11,291)
Adjusted EBITDAR before future minimum rental increases	<u>72,595</u>	<u>34,801</u>	<u>5,378</u>	<u>30,426</u>	<u>(10,241)</u>	<u>132,959</u>
Future minimum rental increases						(2,962)
Adjusted EBITDA						<u>129,997</u>
Depreciation (note 4)						(40,336)
Amortisation (note 4)						(7,335)
Exceptional items (note 7)						(4,723)
Operating profit						<u>77,603</u>
Net finance costs (note 8)						(88,519)
Loss before tax						<u>(10,916)</u>

Year ended 31 December 2013

	<u>Healthcare</u>	<u>Education</u>	<u>Older People Services</u>	<u>Adult Care</u>	<u>Central</u>	<u>Total</u>
	£'000	£'000	£'000	£'000	£'000	£'000
Revenue	230,353	91,050	66,225	93,208	—	480,836
Adjusted EBITDAR	75,919	30,641	11,047	31,414	(10,668)	138,353
Rent	(225)	(3,818)	(7,253)	(698)	—	(11,994)
Adjusted EBITDAR before future minimum rental increases	75,694	26,823	3,794	30,716	(10,668)	126,359
Future minimum rental increases						(3,132)
Adjusted EBITDA						123,227
Depreciation (note 4)						(42,557)
Amortisation (note 4)						(6,746)
Exceptional items (note 7)						(54,654)
Operating profit						19,270
Net finance costs (note 8)						(91,648)
Loss before tax						(72,378)

Year ended 31 December 2014

	<u>Healthcare</u>	<u>Education</u>	<u>Older People Service</u>	<u>Adult Care</u>	<u>Central</u>	<u>Total</u>
	£'000	£'000	£'000	£'000	£'000	£'000
Revenue	259,845	89,325	70,555	101,013	—	520,738
Adjusted EBITDAR	83,163	26,464	12,312	32,489	(10,610)	143,818
Rent	(2,219)	(3,408)	(7,701)	(770)	—	(14,098)
Adjusted EBITDAR before future minimum rental increases	80,944	23,056	4,611	31,719	(10,610)	129,720
Future minimum rental increases						(2,850)
Adjusted EBITDA						126,870
Depreciation (note 4)						(43,989)
Amortisation (note 4)						(6,203)
Exceptional items (note 7)						(2,533)
Operating profit						74,145
Net finance costs (note 8)						(109,239)
Loss before tax						(35,094)

3.3 Segment assets

Information regarding segmental assets is reviewed by the CODM annually.

	As at 31 December		
	<u>2012</u>	<u>2013</u>	<u>2014</u>
	£'000	£'000	£'000
Healthcare	901,034	901,517	693,022
Education	271,391	243,440	243,834
Older People Services	99,639	88,372	85,284
Adult Care	274,388	274,320	282,387
Central	51,248	49,414	48,147
Total segment assets	1,597,700	1,557,063	1,352,674
Unallocated assets:			
Cash	43,009	44,414	22,644
Total assets	1,640,709	1,601,477	1,375,318

	As at 31 December		
	2012	2013	2014
	£'000	£'000	£'000
Included in total assets above:			
Intangible assets			
Healthcare	101,625	101,908	101,173
Education	49,030	46,591	51,096
Older People Services	11,840	12,010	12,001
Adult Care	55,023	51,901	51,182
	<u>217,518</u>	<u>212,410</u>	<u>215,452</u>
Assets held for sale			
Healthcare	128	—	200
Education	494	1,417	1,143
Older People Services	4,948	3,999	—
Adult Care	13,773	16,221	9,465
	<u>19,343</u>	<u>21,637</u>	<u>10,808</u>

Year ended 31 December 2012

	<u>Amortisation</u>	<u>Depreciation</u>	<u>Additions to property, plant and equipment</u>
	£'000	£'000	£'000
Healthcare	737	22,052	12,055
Education	3,084	7,694	6,969
Older People Services	—	2,980	18,705
Adult Care	3,514	4,668	13,853
Central	—	2,942	4,622
Total	<u>7,335</u>	<u>40,336</u>	<u>56,204</u>

Year ended 31 December 2013

	<u>Amortisation</u>	<u>Depreciation</u>	<u>Additions to property, plant and equipment</u>
	£'000	£'000	£'000
Healthcare	732	22,296	12,729
Education	2,440	7,257	9,965
Older People Services	—	4,178	7,167
Adult Care	3,574	5,460	11,708
Central	—	3,366	3,232
Total	<u>6,746</u>	<u>42,557</u>	<u>44,801</u>

Year ended 31 December 2014

	<u>Amortisation</u>	<u>Depreciation</u>	<u>Additions to property, plant and equipment</u>
	£ '000	£ '000	£ '000
Healthcare	735	21,930	13,666
Education	1,685	8,277	12,168
Older People Services	9	3,765	5,809
Adult Care	3,774	6,503	14,881
Central	—	3,514	2,257
Total	<u>6,203</u>	<u>43,989</u>	<u>48,781</u>

3.4 Information about major customers

In the year ended 31 December 2014 revenue from NHS England amounted to 19 per cent. of total revenue (year ended 31 December 2013: 15 per cent.). No other single customer accounted for more than 5 per cent. of total revenue in the years ended 31 December 2013 or 2014. No single customer accounted for more than 5 per cent. of total revenue in the year ended 31 December 2012.

On a consolidated basis, revenue of £230.6 million (2013: £221.0 million; 2012: £217.9 million) and £224.2 million (2013: £192.4 million; 2012: £176.6 million) arose from Social Services and the NHS respectively, which each represent more than 10 per cent. of the Group's total revenue. Of this revenue, £215.6 million (2013: £184.0 million; 2012: £167.7 million) arose in the Healthcare segment, £88.2 million (2013: £89.6 million; 2012: £95.9 million) arose in the Education segment, £95.3 million (2013: £87.9 million; 2012: £82.9 million) arose in the Adult Care segment and £55.7 million (2013: £51.9 million; 2012: £47.9 million) arose in the Older People Services segment.

4. Operating costs

	Year ended 31 December		
	2012 £'000	2013 £'000	2014 £'000
Staff remuneration costs (note 6)	251,785	268,314	296,198
Other staff related costs	16,259	19,923	23,598
Other operating costs	50,202	53,686	56,737
Depreciation of property, plant and equipment (note 12)			
Owned	38,664	40,548	42,195
Leased	1,672	2,009	1,794
Amortisation of intangible assets (note 11)	7,335	6,746	6,203
Rentals under operating leases			
Property leases	11,291	11,994	14,098
Other operating leases	578	560	387
Future minimum rental increases	2,962	3,132	2,850
Exceptional items (note 7)	4,723	54,654	2,533
	<u>385,471</u>	<u>461,566</u>	<u>446,593</u>

“Other operating costs” comprises costs relating to food, housekeeping, medical supplies, non-rechargeable service user costs, premises, telephone, utilities, marketing, maintenance, vehicles and travel expenses.

5. Auditors' remuneration

	Year ended 31 December		
	2012 £'000	2013 £'000	2014 £'000
Fees payable to the Company's auditors for the audit of the Company and consolidated financial statements	170	170	193
	170	170	193
Fees payable to the Company's auditors for other services:			
Fees payable to the Company's auditors for the audit of the Company's subsidiaries pursuant to legislation	30	30	71
Services relating to information technology	25	62	55
Services relating to remuneration	47	—	—
Services relating to corporate finance transactions	—	—	244
All other services	262	126	256
Total other fees	<u>364</u>	<u>218</u>	<u>626</u>
Total fees	<u>534</u>	<u>388</u>	<u>819</u>

Auditors' remuneration is stated net of value added tax.

6. Employee numbers and costs

The average monthly number of employees (including executive directors) was:

	Year ended 31 December		
	2012	2013	2014
Healthcare	5,347	5,040	5,545
Education	2,066	2,066	2,183
Older People Services	2,780	3,037	3,131
Adult Care	2,843	3,059	3,440
Central	289	381	413
	<u>13,325</u>	<u>13,583</u>	<u>14,712</u>

Their aggregate remuneration comprised:

	Year ended 31 December		
	2012 £'000	2013 £'000	2014 £'000
Wages and salaries	229,749	244,663	270,502
Social security costs	18,297	19,280	21,051
Other pension costs	3,739	4,371	4,645
	<u>251,785</u>	<u>268,314</u>	<u>296,198</u>

Further information relating to Directors' remuneration is disclosed in note 26.

7. Exceptional items

	Year ended 31 December		
	2012 £'000	2013 £'000	2014 £'000
Reorganisation and rationalisation costs	3,230	12,093	7,635
Quality initiatives	651	—	—
Acquisition costs	493	27	2,795
Impairment of property, plant and equipment	—	42,587	—
Loss/(profit) on disposal of property, plant and equipment	349	(53)	(7,897)
	<u>4,723</u>	<u>54,654</u>	<u>2,533</u>

For the year ended 31 December 2014, reorganisation and rationalisation costs included £2.6 million for senior management redundancy and restructuring with the remainder due to the closure and restructuring of a number of sites. For the year ended 31 December 2013, reorganisation and rationalisation costs included £5.9 million in respect of onerous contracts relating to leasehold properties. For the year ended 31 December 2012, reorganisation and rationalisation costs included £0.5 million of costs relating to the resignation of Phillip Scott, £1.3 million in relation to the appointment of Tom Riall as Chief Executive Officer and £0.2 million for other associated transitional costs with the remainder due to the closure and restructuring of a number of sites.

Quality initiatives in the year ended 31 December 2012 related to the one off costs associated with the improvement of the Group's quality processes as a result of the review performed by PwC.

Acquisition costs relate principally to legal and professional fees incurred as a result of the acquisitions explained in note 11. Acquisition costs for the year ended 31 December 2014 also included £2.4 million relating to an aborted acquisition.

Impairment of property, plant and equipment in the year ended 31 December 2013 related to a number of properties and associated assets that the Group identified, following a strategic review of its property portfolio, as being extraneous to its ongoing operations, and consequently wrote down to their recoverable value through disposal. The charge related to sites that were closed prior to 31 December 2013.

Disposals of property, plant and equipment for the year ended 31 December 2014 related to the six Acute hospitals which were sold and leased back (generating net proceeds of £217.5 million), a property which was

held for sale at 31 December 2013 (generating net proceeds of £15.5 million) and a number of other properties (generating net proceeds of £7.0 million in aggregate). Together, these assets had a net book value of £232.1 million at the date of their disposal realising a net profit on disposal of £7.9 million.

8. Net finance costs

	Year ended 31 December		
	2012	2013	2014
	£'000	£'000	£'000
Interest on bank facilities and associated costs	1,702	1,802	2,099
High yield bond interest and associated costs	60,224	60,108	58,258
Loan note interest	23,880	26,718	29,925
Amortisation of issue costs	2,507	2,868	2,981
Exceptional bond redemption premium	—	—	12,847
Exceptional amortisation of issue costs	—	—	3,137
Release of premium on issue of high yield bonds	(300)	(301)	(300)
Interest on obligations under finance leases	245	329	343
Provisions: unwinding of discount	365	303	178
Total finance costs	88,623	91,827	109,468
Interest receivable on bank deposits	(104)	(179)	(229)
Net finance costs	88,519	91,648	109,239

The exceptional bond redemption costs in the year ended 31 December 2014 include the premium paid on redemption of £12.8 million and accelerated amortisation of issue costs of £3.1 million.

9. Income tax

	Year ended 31 December		
	2012	2013	2014
	£'000	£'000	£'000
Current tax:			
UK corporation tax	—	—	—
Adjustments in respect of prior years	(1,318)	—	—
	(1,318)	—	—
Deferred tax (note 20):			
Origination and reversal of temporary differences	(20,827)	(39,581)	(21,445)
Adjustments in respect of prior years	(1,234)	(3,852)	(786)
	(22,061)	(43,433)	(22,231)
	(23,379)	(43,433)	(22,231)

Corporation tax is calculated at 21.5 per cent. (2013: 23.25 per cent.; 2012: 24.49 per cent.) of the estimated taxable profit for the year. The expected tax credit for the years ended 31 December 2012, 2013 and 2014 can be reconciled to the credit per the income statement as follows:

	Year ended 31 December		
	2012	2013	2014
	£'000	£'000	£'000
Loss before tax	(10,916)	(72,378)	(35,094)
Tax at the UK corporation tax rate (see above)	(2,674)	(16,828)	(7,545)
Non deductible expenses	626	209	765
Movement in tax base of fixed assets	(1,088)	1,077	(11,873)
Effect of change in tax rate	(17,691)	(24,039)	(1,031)
Recognition of deferred tax assets	—	—	(1,761)
Adjustments in respect of prior years	(2,552)	(3,852)	(786)
	(23,379)	(43,433)	(22,231)

The standard rate of corporation tax in the UK changed from 23 per cent. to 21 per cent. with effect from 1 April 2014. Accordingly, the Group's profits for this accounting year are taxed at an effective rate of 21.5 per cent. (2013: 23.25 per cent.; 2012: 24.49 per cent.).

In his budget speech on 20 March 2013, the Chancellor announced that the main rate of corporation tax would change from 21 per cent. to 20 per cent. from 1 April 2015. This change was substantively enacted in July 2013, as such the Group's deferred tax balances have been restated to reflect their expected unwind at 20 per cent. rather than the main rate of 21 per cent.

10. Business combinations

10.1 Harbour Care (UK) Limited

On 15 February 2012 the Group acquired 75 per cent. of the share capital of Harbour Care (UK) Limited for cash consideration of £12.0 million. The company operated 11 specialist care homes in the South of England.

	£'000
Cash consideration	12,000
Fair value of net assets acquired	(11,928)
Non-controlling interest	<u>3,750</u>
Goodwill	<u><u>3,822</u></u>

The fair values of the net assets acquired were as follows:

	£'000
Intangible assets	4,448
Property, plant and equipment	10,557
Cash	2
Deferred tax	(2,935)
Trade and other payables	<u>(144)</u>
Net assets	<u><u>11,928</u></u>

The deferred tax liability arises chiefly on the difference between the fair value of the intangible assets and properties acquired and the tax base of these assets.

Separately identifiable intangible assets have been recognised in relation to customer contracts, which are subsequently amortised over seven years. Goodwill recognised on acquisition is attributable to the synergies expected to be achieved through integration of the business with the rest of the Group, together with the skills and talent of the assembled workforce. None of the goodwill is expected to be deductible for corporation tax purposes.

A non-controlling interest of £3.8 million has been recognised in relation to the fair value of assets not held by the Group.

From the date of acquisition to 31 December 2012, the contribution of the home to the Group results was as follows:

	£'000
Revenue	4,009
Adjusted EBITDA before future minimum rental increases	1,059
Loss before tax	<u>(292)</u>

If acquired on 1 January 2012, the business would have contributed £5.0 million in revenue and £1.2 million Adjusted EBITDA before future minimum rental increases, and £0.3 million loss before tax to the Group results for the year ended 31 December 2012.

On 29 August 2012, a further investment was made in Harbour Care (UK) Limited in relation to new shares issued, generating additional goodwill of £0.1 million.

On 13 June 2013, the Group acquired the remaining 25 per cent. of Harbour Care (UK) Limited for cash consideration of £1.9 million.

Acquisition costs (primarily legal and professional fees) of £0.2 million were incurred in connection with the Harbour Care (UK) Limited business combination, and were charged to the income statement in the year ended 31 December 2012.

10.2 *Peninsula Autism Services & Support Limited*

On 30 April 2012 the Group acquired the entire share capital of Peninsular Autism Services & Support Limited (“PASS”), an operator of five specialist care homes in the South of England, for consideration of £5.9 million including £0.4 million of deferred consideration.

	£'000
Cash consideration	5,875
Fair value of net assets acquired	<u>(4,336)</u>
Goodwill	<u>1,539</u>

The fair values of the net assets acquired were as follows:

	£'000
Intangible assets	1,350
Property, plant and equipment	4,113
Trade and other receivables	100
Cash	26
Deferred tax	(739)
Trade and other payables	<u>(514)</u>
Net assets	<u>4,336</u>

The deferred tax liability arises chiefly on the difference between the fair value of the intangible assets and properties acquired and the tax base of these assets.

Intangible assets recognised relate to service user contracts and are subsequently amortised on an attrition basis over seven years. Goodwill recognised on acquisition is attributable to the synergies expected to be achieved through integration of the business with the rest of the Group, together with the skills and talent of the assembled workforce. None of the goodwill is expected to be deductible for corporation tax purposes.

From the date of acquisition to 31 December 2012, the contribution of the business to the Group results was as follows:

	£'000
Revenue	2,072
Adjusted EBITDA before future minimum rental increases	778
Profit before tax	<u>599</u>

If acquired on 1 January 2012, the business would have contributed £3.1 million in revenue, £1.2 million Adjusted EBITDA before future minimum rental increases, and £0.9 million profit before tax to the Group results for the year ended 31 December 2012.

Acquisition costs (primarily legal and professional fees) of £0.1 million were incurred in connection with the PASS business combination, and were charged to the income statement in the year ended 31 December 2012.

10.3 *High Quality Lifestyles Limited*

On 31 August 2012 the Group acquired the entire share capital of High Quality Lifestyles Limited (“HQL”) for cash consideration of £6.5 million. A further £0.5 million of deferred consideration was paid on 14 May 2013. HQL operates seven specialist care homes in the South East of England.

	£'000
Cash consideration	6,956
Fair value of net assets acquired	<u>(5,484)</u>
Goodwill	<u>1,472</u>

The fair values of the net assets acquired were as follows:

	£'000
Intangible assets	2,216
Property, plant and equipment	4,555
Trade and other receivables	448
Cash	347
Deferred tax	(1,295)
Trade and other payables	(787)
Net assets	<u>5,484</u>

The deferred tax liability arises chiefly on the difference between the fair value of the intangible assets and properties acquired and the tax base of these assets.

Intangible assets recognised relate to service user contracts and are subsequently amortised on an attrition basis over seven years. Goodwill recognised on acquisition is attributable to the synergies expected to be achieved through integration of the business with the rest of the Group, together with the skills and talent of the assembled workforce. None of the goodwill is expected to be deductible for corporation tax purposes.

From the date of acquisition to 31 December 2012, the contribution of the home to the Group results was as follows:

	£'000
Revenue	1,606
Adjusted EBITDA before future minimum rental increases	632
Profit before tax	<u>574</u>

If acquired on 1 January 2012, the business would have contributed £4.8 million in revenue, £1.8 million Adjusted EBITDA before future minimum rental increases, and £1.6 million profit before tax to the Group results for the year ended 31 December 2012.

Acquisition costs (primarily legal and professional fees) of £0.1 million were incurred in connection with the HQL business combination, and were charged to the income statement in the year ended 31 December 2012.

10.4 **Helden Homes Limited**

On 23 July 2013 the Group acquired 100% of the share capital of Helden Homes Limited, an operator of a care home within the Healthcare division for cash consideration of £5.5 million.

	£'000
Cash consideration	5,460
Fair value of net assets acquired	<u>(4,443)</u>
Goodwill	<u>1,017</u>

The fair values of the net assets acquired were as follows:

	£'000
Property, plant and equipment	5,440
Trade and other receivables	165
Cash	102
Deferred tax	(1,052)
Trade and other payables	<u>(212)</u>
Net assets	<u>4,443</u>

The deferred tax liability arises chiefly on the difference between the fair value of the properties acquired and the tax base of these assets.

Goodwill recognised on acquisition is attributable to the synergies expected to be achieved through integration of the business with the rest of the Group, together with the skills and talent of the assembled workforce. None of the goodwill is expected to be deductible for corporation tax purposes.

From the date of acquisition to 31 December 2013, the contribution of the home to the Group results was as follows:

	<i>£'000</i>
Revenue	935
Adjusted EBITDA before future minimum rental increases	303
Profit before tax	<u>270</u>

If acquired on 1 January 2013, the home would have contributed £2.1 million in revenue, £0.7 million Adjusted EBITDA before future minimum rental increases and £0.6 million profit before tax to the Group results for the year ended 31 December 2013.

Acquisition costs (primarily legal and professional fees) of £0.1 million were incurred in connection with the Helden Homes Limited business combination, and were charged to the income statement in the year ended 31 December 2013.

10.5 *New Directions*

On 31 January 2014 the Group acquired a 100% interest in New Directions (Hastings) Limited, New Directions (Bexhill) Limited, New Directions (Robertsbridge) Limited and New Directions (St. Leonards on Sea) Limited for total cash consideration of £6.3 million. The companies operate five specialist care facilities in South East England within the Craegmoor division.

	<i>£'000</i>
Cash consideration	6,255
Fair value of net assets acquired	<u>(5,309)</u>
Goodwill	<u>946</u>

The fair values of the net assets acquired were as follows:

	<i>£'000</i>
Intangible assets	2,109
Property, plant and equipment	4,407
Inventories	2
Trade and other receivables	73
Cash	94
Deferred tax	(1,221)
Trade and other payables	<u>(155)</u>
Net assets	<u>5,309</u>

The deferred tax liability arises chiefly on the difference between the fair value of the intangible assets and properties acquired and the tax base of these assets.

Intangible assets recognised relate to service user contracts and are subsequently amortised on an attrition basis over 8 years. Goodwill recognised on acquisition is attributable to the synergies expected to be achieved through integration of the business with the rest of the Group, together with the skills and talent of the assembled workforce. None of the goodwill is expected to be deductible for corporation tax purposes.

From the date of acquisition to 31 December 2014, the contribution of the home to the Group results was as follows:

	<i>£'000</i>
Revenue	2,523
Adjusted EBITDA before future minimum rental increases	1,048
Profit before tax	<u>780</u>

If acquired on 1 January 2014, the business would have contributed £2.7 million in revenue, £1.1 million Adjusted EBITDA before future minimum rental increases, and £0.9 million profit before tax to the Group results for the year ended 31 December 2014.

Acquisition costs (primarily legal and professional fees) of £0.2 million were incurred in connection with the New Directions business combination, and were charged to the income statement in the year ended 31 December 2014.

10.6 *Castlecare*

On 28 November 2014 the Group acquired a 100% interest in Castlecare Group Limited for total cash consideration of £12.7 million. The Group operates residential care homes for looked-after children with complex and special needs, including challenging behaviour within the Education division.

	<i>£'000</i>
Cash consideration	12,689
Fair value of net assets acquired	<u>(7,399)</u>
Goodwill	<u>5,290</u>

The fair values of the net assets acquired were as follows:

	<i>£'000</i>
Intangible assets	900
Property, plant and equipment	6,978
Trade and other receivables	1,634
Cash	669
Deferred tax	<u>(1,081)</u>
Trade and other payables	<u>(1,701)</u>
Net assets	<u>7,399</u>

The deferred tax liability arises chiefly on the difference between the fair value of the intangible assets and properties acquired and the tax base of these assets.

Intangible assets recognised relate to service user contracts and are subsequently amortised on an attrition basis over 3 years. Goodwill recognised on acquisition is attributable to the synergies expected to be achieved through integration of the business with the rest of the Group, together with the skills and talent of the assembled workforce. None of the goodwill is expected to be deductible for corporation tax purposes.

From the date of acquisition to 31 December 2014, the contribution of the home to the Group results was as follows:

	<i>£'000</i>
Revenue	1,518
Adjusted EBITDA before future minimum rental increases	206
Profit before tax	<u>190</u>

If acquired on 1 January 2014, the business would have contributed £16.9 million in revenue and £1.4 million Adjusted EBITDA before future minimum rental increases, and £1.0 million profit before tax to the Group results for the year ended 31 December 2014.

Acquisition costs (primarily legal and professional fees) of £0.2 million were incurred in connection with the Castlecare business combination, and were charged to the income statement in the year ended 31 December 2014.

11. Intangible assets

	<u>Goodwill</u> £'000	<u>Brands</u> £'000	<u>Customer contracts</u> £'000	<u>Total</u> £'000
Cost				
As at 1 January 2012	166,452	22,049	27,154	215,655
Arising on business combinations	6,451	—	8,014	14,465
As at 31 December 2012	172,903	22,049	35,168	230,120
Arising on business combinations	1,467	—	—	1,467
Additions	—	171	—	171
As at 31 December 2013	174,370	22,220	35,168	231,758
Arising on business combinations	6,236	—	3,009	9,245
As at 31 December 2014	180,606	22,220	38,177	241,003
Accumulated amortisation and impairments				
As at 1 January 2012	—	611	4,656	5,267
Amortisation charge	—	737	6,598	7,335
As at 31 December 2012	—	1,348	11,254	12,602
Amortisation charge	—	732	6,014	6,746
As at 31 December 2013	—	2,080	17,268	19,348
Amortisation charge	—	744	5,459	6,203
As at 31 December 2014	—	2,824	22,727	25,551
Net book value				
As at 31 December 2014	<u>180,606</u>	<u>19,396</u>	<u>15,450</u>	<u>215,452</u>
As at 31 December 2013	<u>174,370</u>	<u>20,140</u>	<u>17,900</u>	<u>212,410</u>
As at 31 December 2012	<u>172,903</u>	<u>20,701</u>	<u>23,914</u>	<u>217,518</u>
As at 1 January 2012	<u>166,452</u>	<u>21,438</u>	<u>22,498</u>	<u>210,388</u>

11.1 Goodwill

Goodwill acquired in a business combination is allocated, at acquisition, to the cash generating units (CGUs) that are expected to benefit from the business combination. The Group's cash generating units are the same as its reportable segments, and goodwill is allocated as follows:

	As at 31 December		
	<u>2012</u> £'000	<u>2013</u> £'000	<u>2014</u> £'000
Healthcare	80,924	81,941	81,941
Education	42,186	42,186	47,476
Older People Services	11,840	11,840	11,840
Adult Care	37,953	38,403	39,349
	<u>172,903</u>	<u>174,370</u>	<u>180,606</u>

The Group tests goodwill annually for impairment, or more frequently if there are indications that goodwill might be impaired. The recoverable amounts of the CGUs are determined from value in use calculations. The key assumptions for the value in use calculations are those regarding forecast cash flows, discount rates and future growth rates.

The Group prepares cash flow forecasts for each CGU derived from the most recent financial budgets approved by management and the board for the next three years, and extrapolates cash flows for the following two years and into perpetuity based on estimated growth rates. Growth rates do not exceed the average long-term growth rate for the relevant markets. Growth rates are determined by management based on their experience of both the industry and the wider economic environment.

Management estimates discount rates using rates reflect current market assessments of the time value of money. There is no significant difference in the risks associated with each individual CGU, therefore the same discount rate is applied to the cash flows of all units.

The key assumptions used were as follows:

	As at 31 December		
	2012	2013	2014
	%	%	%
Pre tax discount rate	8.3	8.3	8.3
Long term net cash flow growth rate	2.0 – 3.0	2.0 – 2.5	1.5 – 2.75

The Group has conducted a sensitivity analysis on the impairment test of each CGU's carrying value. For each CGU no reasonably likely reduction in cash flow or long term growth rate would result in a material impairment charge. As at 31 December 2014, should all other assumptions remain constant, an increase in the pre tax discount rate of between 1.1 per cent. and 3.7 per cent. would be required in order to eliminate the headroom on an individual CGU.

11.2 Brands

As at 31 December 2014, the brand intangible asset includes an amount with a carrying value of £19.2 million (2013: £19.9 million; 2012: £20.7 million) relating to the Priory brand with a remaining amortisation period of 26.2 years (2013: 27.2 years; 2012: 28.2 years).

11.3 Customer contracts

Customer contracts arising from the Priory Investments Holdings Limited business combination in 2011 relate to the Education division and have a carrying value of £2.8 million (2013: £4.4 million; 2012: £6.8 million) and a remaining amortisation period of 6.2 years (2013: 7.2 years; 2012: 8.2 years).

Customer contracts arising from the Craegmoor Group acquisition in 2011 relate to the Craegmoor division and have a carrying value of £6.3 million (2013: £8.3 million; 2012: £10.3 million) and a remaining amortisation period of 4.3 years (2013: 5.3 years; 2012: 6.3 years).

Customer contracts arising from the Harbour Care, PASS and HQL acquisitions relate to the Craegmoor division and have carrying values of £1.9 million (2013: £2.7 million; 2012: £3.5 million), £0.7 million (2013: £0.9 million; 2012: £1.2 million) and £1.2 million (2013: £1.6 million; 2012: £2.1 million), respectively, and remaining amortisation periods of 4 years (2013: 5 years; 2012: 6 years), 4.3 years (2013: 5.3 years; 2012: 6.3 years) and 4.7 years (2013: 5.7 years; 2012: 6.7 years), respectively.

Customer contracts arising from the New Directions acquisition relate to the Craegmoor division and have a carrying value of £1.7 million (2013: £nil; 2012: £nil) and a remaining amortisation period of 7.1 years.

Customer contracts arising from the Castlecare acquisition relate to the Education division and have a carrying value of £0.9 million (2013: £nil; 2012: £nil) and a remaining amortisation period of 2.9 years.

12. Property, plant and equipment

	<u>Land and buildings</u> £'000	<u>Assets in the course of construction</u> £'000	<u>Fixtures and fittings</u> £'000	<u>Motor vehicles</u> £'000	<u>Total</u> £'000
Cost					
As at 1 January 2012	1,234,650	1,254	84,103	5,344	1,325,351
Arising on business combinations	18,668	—	461	96	19,225
Additions	25,400	3,982	24,383	2,439	56,204
Disposals	(10,845)	(13)	(733)	(2,227)	(13,818)
Transfers between classifications	1,136	(140)	(1,407)	411	—
Transferred back from current assets (note 16)	4,043	—	605	—	4,648
Transferred to current assets (note 16)	(19,809)	—	(5,389)	—	(25,198)
As at 31 December 2012	<u>1,253,243</u>	<u>5,083</u>	<u>102,023</u>	<u>6,063</u>	<u>1,366,412</u>
Arising on business combinations	5,186	—	238	16	5,440
Additions	8,349	12,639	22,207	1,606	44,801
Disposals	(293)	(362)	(454)	(565)	(1,674)
Transfers between classifications	2,407	(2,823)	409	7	—
Transferred to current assets (note 16)	(36,901)	—	(4,708)	—	(41,609)
As at 31 December 2013	<u>1,231,991</u>	<u>14,537</u>	<u>119,715</u>	<u>7,127</u>	<u>1,373,370</u>
Arising on business combinations	11,121	—	231	33	11,385
Additions	5,397	5,599	36,342	1,443	48,781
Disposals	(240,511)	(955)	(10,867)	(2,709)	(255,042)
Transfers between classifications	3,808	(13,244)	9,436	—	—
Transferred back from current assets (note 16)	1,729	—	587	—	2,316
As at 31 December 2014	<u>1,013,535</u>	<u>5,937</u>	<u>155,444</u>	<u>5,894</u>	<u>1,180,810</u>
Accumulated depreciation					
As at 1 January 2012	1,115	—	8,670	1,150	10,935
Charge for the year	22,909	—	15,446	1,981	40,336
Disposals	(9,033)	—	(578)	(2,148)	(11,759)
Transfers between classifications	—	—	(20)	20	—
Transferred back from current assets (note 16)	2,926	—	336	—	3,262
Transferred to current assets (note 16)	(7,366)	—	(3,603)	—	(10,969)
As at 31 December 2012	<u>10,551</u>	<u>—</u>	<u>20,251</u>	<u>1,003</u>	<u>31,805</u>
Charge for the year	23,060	—	17,273	2,224	42,557
Impairment (note 7)	40,004	—	1,433	—	41,437
Disposals	(2)	—	(271)	(551)	(824)
Transferred to current assets (note 16)	(30,276)	—	(4,030)	—	(34,306)
As at 31 December 2013	<u>43,337</u>	<u>—</u>	<u>34,656</u>	<u>2,676</u>	<u>80,669</u>
Charge for the year	22,376	—	19,610	2,003	43,989
Disposals	(26,455)	—	(4,467)	(2,628)	(33,550)
Transferred back from current assets (note 16)	1,058	—	284	—	1,342
As at 31 December 2014	<u>40,316</u>	<u>—</u>	<u>50,083</u>	<u>2,051</u>	<u>92,450</u>
Net book value					
As at 31 December 2014	<u>973,219</u>	<u>5,937</u>	<u>105,361</u>	<u>3,843</u>	<u>1,088,360</u>
As at 31 December 2013	<u>1,188,654</u>	<u>14,537</u>	<u>85,059</u>	<u>4,451</u>	<u>1,292,701</u>
As at 31 December 2012	<u>1,242,692</u>	<u>5,083</u>	<u>81,772</u>	<u>5,060</u>	<u>1,334,607</u>
As at 1 January 2012	<u>1,233,535</u>	<u>1,254</u>	<u>75,433</u>	<u>4,194</u>	<u>1,314,416</u>

Impairment of property, plant and equipment in the year ended 31 December 2013 related to a number of properties and associated assets that the Group identified, following a strategic review of its property portfolio, as being extraneous to its ongoing operations, and consequently wrote down to their recoverable value through disposal. The charge related to sites that were closed prior to 31 December 2013.

Substantially all the Group's freehold land and buildings is pledged as security against certain of the Group's borrowings (note 18). As at 31 December 2014 the carrying amount of assets (motor vehicles) held under finance leases was £3.1 million (2013: £3.8 million; 2012: £4.3 million). The Group's obligations under finance leases are secured by the lessors' title to the leased assets.

At 31 December 2014 the Group had entered into contractual commitments for the acquisition of property, plant and equipment amounting to £4.3 million (2013: £3.0 million; 2012: £3.5 million).

13. Inventories

	As at 31 December		
	2012	2013	2014
	£'000	£'000	£'000
Medical supplies	55	50	49

The total amount recognised as an expense in the income statement in respect of medical supplies was £3.7 million in the year ended 31 December 2014 (2013: £3.3 million; 2012: £3.2 million).

14. Trade and other receivables

	As at 31 December		
	2012	2013	2014
	£'000	£'000	£'000
Trade receivables	22,163	24,137	28,929
Allowance for doubtful debts	(1,389)	(1,221)	(1,155)
	20,774	22,916	27,774
Other receivables	2,469	2,731	2,389
Corporation tax receivable	—	—	28
Prepayments and accrued income	2,934	4,618	7,814
	26,177	30,265	38,005

15. Cash and cash equivalents

	As at 31 December		
	2012	2013	2014
	£'000	£'000	£'000
Cash	43,009	44,414	22,644

16. Assets held for sale

	<u>Land and buildings</u> £'000	<u>Fixtures and fittings</u> £'000	<u>Total</u> £'000
Cost			
As at 1 January 2012	22,820	4,452	27,272
Transferred back to property, plant and equipment (note 12)	(4,043)	(605)	(4,648)
Transferred from property, plant and equipment (note 12)	19,809	5,389	25,198
Additions	42	124	166
Disposals	(336)	(59)	(395)
As at 31 December 2012	38,292	9,301	47,593
Transferred from property, plant and equipment (note 12)	36,901	4,708	41,609
Additions	2	195	197
Disposals	(14,218)	(3,925)	(18,143)
As at 31 December 2013	60,977	10,279	71,256
Transferred back to property, plant and equipment (note 12)	(1,729)	(587)	(2,316)
Additions	—	708	708
Disposals	(18,000)	(4,511)	(22,511)
As at 31 December 2014	41,248	5,889	47,137
Impairment			
As at 1 January 2012	17,575	3,003	20,578
Transferred back to property, plant and equipment (note 12)	(2,926)	(336)	(3,262)
Transferred from property, plant and equipment (note 12)	7,366	3,603	10,969
Disposals	(10)	(25)	(35)
As at 31 December 2012	22,005	6,245	28,250
Charge for the year (note 7)	1,076	74	1,150
Transferred from property, plant and equipment (note 12)	30,276	4,030	34,306
Disposals	(11,619)	(2,468)	(14,087)
As at 31 December 2013	41,738	7,881	49,619
Transferred back to property, plant and equipment (note 12)	(1,058)	(284)	(1,342)
Disposals	(9,107)	(2,841)	(11,948)
As at 31 December 2014	31,573	4,756	36,329
Net book value			
As at 31 December 2014	9,675	1,133	10,808
As at 31 December 2013	19,239	2,398	21,637
As at 31 December 2012	16,287	3,056	19,343
As at 1 January 2012	5,245	1,449	6,694

The remaining properties are expected to realise net sales proceeds materially consistent with their net book value. A number of properties classified as held for sale at 31 December 2013 remained unsold at 31 December 2014 due to delays in the sale process. All properties held for sale at 31 December 2014 are actively marketed and are expected to be sold within twelve months of the year end.

17. Trade and other payables

	As at 31 December		
	2012 £'000	2013 £'000	2014 £'000
Trade payables	9,762	11,957	13,866
Corporation tax payable	425	188	—
Other taxes and social security	6,938	6,727	6,856
Accruals and deferred income	57,003	50,770	56,359
Other payables	10,718	6,855	6,846
	<u>84,846</u>	<u>76,497</u>	<u>83,927</u>

Trade payables and accruals principally comprise amounts outstanding for trade purchases and ongoing costs. As at 31 December 2014 the Group's supplier payment period was 63 days (2013: 59 days; 2012: 54 days). The Group has financial risk management policies in place to ensure that all payables are paid within the pre-agreed credit terms. The directors consider that the carrying amount of trade payables approximates to their fair value.

18. Borrowings

	As at 31 December		
	2012 £'000	2013 £'000	2014 £'000
Borrowings due less than one year			
Finance lease liabilities	1,643	1,651	1,585
Accrued interest – bank loans	116	52	255
Accrued interest – senior secured notes	16,619	16,640	10,196
Accrued interest – senior unsecured notes	5,841	5,850	5,850
Total borrowings due less than one year	<u>24,219</u>	<u>24,193</u>	<u>17,886</u>
Unsecured borrowings due greater than one year			
Senior unsecured notes	175,000	175,000	175,000
Unamortised issue costs	(4,546)	(3,958)	(3,315)
Loan notes (including accrued interest)	222,654	249,372	279,295
Secured borrowings due greater than one year	<u>393,108</u>	<u>420,414</u>	<u>450,980</u>
Bank loans	12,000	17,500	31,250
Senior secured notes	631,000	631,000	386,300
Unamortised issue costs (including premium)	(11,962)	(9,983)	(4,808)
Finance lease liabilities	3,054	2,523	1,841
	<u>634,092</u>	<u>641,040</u>	<u>414,583</u>
Total borrowings due greater than one year	<u>1,027,200</u>	<u>1,061,454</u>	<u>865,563</u>
Total borrowings	<u>1,051,419</u>	<u>1,085,647</u>	<u>883,449</u>

All of the Group's borrowings are denominated in Sterling.

18.1 Senior secured notes and senior unsecured notes

The Group issued £600.0 million of high yield bonds on 3 February 2011, comprising £425.0 million senior secured notes with a fixed rate of 7.0% and £175.0 million senior unsecured notes with a fixed rate of 8.875%, with maturity dates of 15 February 2018 and 15 February 2019, respectively. The senior secured notes are secured by fixed and floating charges over substantially all of the Group's property and assets.

The Group issued additional senior secured notes on 14 April 2011 of £206.0 million with a fixed rate of 7.0% due 15 February 2018. A premium on issue of £2.0 million was received which is included within unamortised issue costs and will be amortised to the income statement over the term of the notes. The proceeds were used to repay existing Craegmoor bank debt on acquisition.

On 17 November 2014 the Group redeemed £244.7 million of its 7% senior secured notes due 2018. In accordance with the terms of the notes, the redemption price was 105.25% of the principal amount of the notes. Including accrued interest of £4.4 million, the total amount paid to redeem the notes was £261.9 million.

An exceptional financing cost of £15.9 million was recognised in the year ended 31 December 2014 in respect of the premium paid on redemption of £12.8 million and the release of unamortised issue costs of £3.1 million – see note 7.

The high yield bonds are listed on the Luxembourg stock exchange's Euro MTF market.

The Senior secured note and the senior unsecured notes are also subject to certain customary covenants and events of default, which are set out in the Senior Notes Indenture.

The Senior note Guarantees are general unsecured obligations of the Guarantors. The Guarantee by each such Guarantor ranks equally in right of payment to all existing or future senior subordinated indebtedness of such Guarantor; and is subordinated in right of payment to any existing or future senior indebtedness of such Guarantor, including its obligations under the Revolving Credit Facility and the Senior secured notes.

18.2 *Loan notes*

The Group issued unsecured loan notes on 4 March 2011 of £130.0 million with a fixed rate of 12% and a maturity date of 4 March 2060. Additional loan notes were issued on 14 April 2011 of £51.5 million with a fixed rate of 12% and a maturity date of 18 July 2057.

Accrued interest of £8.4 million, £7.5 million and £6.7 million in relation to the £51.5 million loan notes was capitalised on 31 December 2014, 31 December 2013 and 31 December 2012, respectively, by the issue of PIK notes on the same terms as the original loan notes.

Accrued interest of £19.6 million, £17.5 million and £15.6 million in relation to the £130.0 million loan notes was capitalised on 3 March 2014, 3 March 2013 and 3 March 2012, respectively, by the issue of PIK notes on the same terms as the original loan notes.

Refer also to Note 26.3.

18.3 *Bank loans*

The £31.3 million (2013: £17.5 million; 2012: £12.0 million) drawn down on the RCF is secured with an interest rate of LIBOR plus 4.0% (2013: LIBOR plus 4.0%; 2012: LIBOR plus 4.0%) and is due for repayment February 2017. The security ranks above the senior secured notes and consists of fixed and floating charges over substantially all the Group's property and assets.

All obligations under the RCF are unconditionally guaranteed by the Guarantors and secured by the same Collateral as the Senior secured notes. Proceeds of enforcement of the collateral will be used in discharge of the indebtedness under the RCF and certain hedging obligations before discharge of the Senior Secured Notes.

The RCF contains customary affirmative, negative and financial covenants that restricts the manner in which the Group's business is conducted, including certain of the same restrictive covenants that apply to the Senior secured notes. The RCF also has a financial maintenance covenant tested quarterly that requires the ratio of Total Outstandings (as defined in the Revolving Credit Facility Agreement) to EBITDA (as defined in the Revolving Credit Facility Agreement) to not exceed 1.20 to 1. The RCF also contains customary conditions precedent, representations, covenants, events of default and mandatory prepayment events. Throughout the three year period presented here, the Group has comfortably complied with all covenants and conditions.

18.4 *Weighted average interest rates*

The weighted average interest rates were as follows:

	As at 31 December		
	2012	2013	2014
	%	%	%
Loan notes	12.0	12.0	12.0
Bank loans	4.4	4.5	4.6
High yield bonds	7.4	7.4	7.4

19. Provisions for liabilities and charges

	<u>Dilapidations</u> £'000	<u>Onerous contracts and legal costs</u> £'000	<u>Future minimum rent</u> £'000	<u>Retirement benefit</u> £'000	<u>Total</u> £'000
As at 1 January 2012	2,904	7,959	4,767	303	15,933
Arising on business combinations	—	50	—	—	50
Charged to the income statement	—	135	2,962	—	3,097
Discount unwind	—	365	—	—	365
Used during the year	(52)	(1,968)	—	(170)	(2,190)
As at 31 December 2012	2,852	6,541	7,729	133	17,255
(Released)/charged to the income statement	(409)	6,802	3,132	—	9,525
Discount unwind	—	303	—	—	303
Used during the year	(34)	(1,617)	—	(86)	(1,737)
As at 31 December 2013	2,409	12,029	10,861	47	25,346
(Released)/charged to the income statement	(425)	—	2,850	—	2,425
Discount unwind	—	178	—	—	178
Used during the year	(33)	(1,123)	—	(47)	(1,203)
As at 31 December 2014	1,951	11,084	13,711	—	26,746

19.1 Dilapidation provisions

Provisions have been recorded for costs of returning properties held under operating leases to the state of repair at the inception of the lease. These provisions are expected to be utilised on the termination of the underlying leases.

19.2 Onerous contracts and litigation matters

Provisions have been recorded for the onerous payments on certain lease arrangements. They have been established on the basis of the expected onerous element of future lease payments over the remaining life of the relevant leases and agreements, which expire in between seven and 21 years. These have been discounted and the provisions are expected to be utilised, with the discounts unwinding accordingly, over the remaining terms of the corresponding lease arrangements.

In light of a number of outstanding legal claims, provisions have been made which represent management's best estimate of the amount required to settle the claims. The directors anticipate that the majority will be settled over the course of the next year.

19.3 Future minimum rent

Provisions have been recorded for future minimum rent payable as a result of the policy to straight line rent payments in the income statement where leases have built in minimum rent escalator clauses. The provisions will be utilised over the life of the leases.

19.4 Retirement benefit

The retirement benefit provision held by the Group was to cover post-employment benefits accruing to certain employees of Health & Care Services (UK) Limited.

20. Deferred income tax

The following are the major deferred tax liabilities/(assets) recognised by the Group and movements thereon.

	<u>Tax losses</u> £'000	<u>Property, plant and equipment</u> £'000	<u>Intangibles</u> £'000	<u>Other short term timing differences</u> £'000	<u>Total</u> £'000
As at 1 January 2012	(16,800)	250,810	10,984	(18,484)	226,510
Arising on business combinations	—	3,488	1,481	—	4,969
Charge/(credit) to income statement	5,200	(29,717)	(2,564)	5,020	(22,061)
As at 31 December 2012	(11,600)	224,581	9,901	(13,464)	209,418
Arising on business combinations	—	1,052	—	—	1,052
(Credit)/charge to income statement	(2,200)	(39,357)	(2,136)	260	(43,433)
As at 31 December 2013	(13,800)	186,276	7,765	(13,204)	167,037
Arising on business combinations	—	1,764	538	—	2,302
Charge/(credit) to income statement	5,100	(29,599)	(1,333)	3,601	(22,231)
As at 31 December 2014	(8,700)	158,441	6,970	(9,603)	147,108

As at 31 December 2014 the Group had unused tax losses of £89.8 million (2013: £121.3 million; 2012: £124.3 million) available for offset against future profits, representing a potential deferred tax assets on losses of £18.0 million (2013: £24.7 million; 2012: £28.6 million).

A deferred tax asset of £8.7 million (2013: £13.8 million; 2012: £11.6 million) has been recognised in respect of such losses in the current year based on an assessment of the probability that taxable profits will arise in the foreseeable future against which these losses can be offset.

As at 31 December 2014, a potential deferred tax asset of £9.3 million (2013: £10.9 million; 2012: £17.0 million) has not been recognised with respect to losses of £46.5 million (2013: £55.0 million; 2012: £73.9 million) as it is not currently anticipated that such losses will be utilised in the foreseeable future.

The Group expects to utilise approximately £7.1 million (2013: £4.0 million; 2012: £5.9 million) of the overall deferred tax asset and £5.7 million (2013: £7.9 million; 2012: £8.5 million) of the overall deferred tax liability within one year of the date of this historical financial information.

Based on an assessment of the probability that temporary differences related to accelerated tax depreciation and short term timing differences will reverse against suitable taxable profits in future periods, deferred tax assets on such temporary differences have been recognised in the amounts noted above as at each balance sheet date.

A deferred tax liability of £158.4 million (2013: £186.3 million; 2012: £224.6 million) has been recognised in respect of the differences between the carrying values of property, plant and equipment and their tax base cost.

21. Obligations under finance leases

	As at 31 December		
	<u>2012</u> £'000	<u>2013</u> £'000	<u>2014</u> £'000
Amounts payable within one year	1,643	1,651	1,585
Amounts payable in one to five years inclusive	3,054	2,523	1,841
Present value of finance lease obligations	<u>4,697</u>	<u>4,174</u>	<u>3,426</u>

The Group's finance leases relate to leased vehicles. The average lease term is four years and interest rates are fixed at the contract date. All lease obligations are denominated in Sterling. All leases are on a fixed repayment basis and no arrangements have been entered into for contingent rental payments. The fair value of the Group's lease obligations is approximately equal to their carrying amount. The Group's obligations under finance leases are secured by the lessors' rights over the leased assets disclosed in note 12.

22. Share capital

As at 31 December 2012

	<i>Number</i>	<i>Nominal value £</i>
Allotted		
A ordinary shares of £0.001 each	10,072,403	10,072
B ordinary shares of £0.001 each	57,801	58
C ordinary shares of £0.001 each	1,226,250	1,226
D ordinary shares of £0.001 each	2,008,272	2,008
Preference shares of £1 each	261,165,177	261,165,177
	<u>274,529,903</u>	<u>261,178,541</u>

As at 31 December 2013

	<i>Number</i>	<i>Nominal value £</i>
Allotted		
A ordinary shares of £0.001 each	10,049,460	10,049
B ordinary shares of £0.001 each	57,801	58
C ordinary shares of £0.001 each	1,341,068	1,341
D ordinary shares of £0.001 each	4,950,535	4,951
D ordinary shares of £500 each	5	2,500
Preference shares of £1 each	261,165,177	261,165,177
	<u>277,564,046</u>	<u>261,184,076</u>

11,875, 40,000 and 40,000 C ordinary shares were issued on 30 January 2013, 16 September 2013 and 27 November, respectively. On 30 May 2013 22,943 A ordinary shares were converted into C ordinary shares. On 30 May 2013 5,442,263 D ordinary shares of £0.001 each were issued. On the same date 2,500,000 D ordinary shares of £0.001 each were consolidated into 5 D ordinary shares of £500 each.

As at 31 December 2014

	<i>Number</i>	<i>Nominal value £</i>
Allotted		
A ordinary shares of £0.001 each	10,049,460	10,049
B ordinary shares of £0.001 each	57,801	58
C ordinary shares of £0.001 each	1,341,068	1,341
D ordinary shares of £0.001 each	4,950,535	4,951
D ordinary shares of £500 each	5	2,500
E1 ordinary shares of £0.001 each	965,130	965
E2 ordinary shares of £0.001 each	134,107	134
A preference shares of £1 each	258,111,636	258,111,636
B preference shares of £1 each	3,053,541	3,053,541
	<u>278,663,283</u>	<u>261,185,175</u>

849,193, 80,937 and 35,000 E1 ordinary shares were issued on 27 August 2014, 23 September 2014 and 13 October 2014, respectively. On 9 September 2014 134,107 E2 ordinary shares were issued.

On 27 August 2014 the 261,156,177 preference shares were re-designated into 258,111,636 A preference shares and 3,053,541 B preference shares.

22.1 A ordinary shares

Each holder of an A ordinary share is entitled receive notice of and to attend and vote at general meetings of the Company. The A ordinary shares rank equally with the B ordinary shares and C ordinary shares but behind the E shares and preference shares in respect of a distribution of profits by way of dividend and on any winding up of the Company or other return of capital.

22.2 **B ordinary shares**

Each holder of a B ordinary share is entitled to receive notice of and to attend and speak at any general meeting but is not entitled to vote. The B ordinary shares rank equally with the A ordinary shares and C ordinary shares but behind the E shares and preference shares in respect of a distribution of profits by way of dividend and on any winding up of the Company or other return of capital.

22.3 **C ordinary shares**

Each holder of a C ordinary share is entitled to receive notice of and to attend and speak at any general meeting but is not entitled to vote. The C ordinary shares rank equally with the A ordinary shares and B ordinary shares but behind the E shares and preference shares in respect of a distribution of profits by way of dividend and on any winding up of the Company or other return of capital.

22.4 **D ordinary shares**

Each holder of a D ordinary share is entitled to receive notice of and to attend and vote at general meetings of the Company. The D ordinary shares do not carry any entitlement to a dividend and rank behind the E shares and preference shares. The D shareholders are only entitled to the nominal value of the shares on a winding up of the Company or other return of capital.

22.5 **E1 and E2 ordinary shares**

Each holder of an E ordinary share is entitled to receive notice of and attend and speak at any general meeting but is not entitled to vote. E shares rank behind the A preference shares (up to a specified level of return, the “threshold return”) and behind the B preference shares but ahead of the A, B, C and D shares. The E1 and E2 shares rank pari passu and are entitled to 12% of distributable proceeds on a distribution or winding up.

22.6 **A and B preference shares**

Each holder of a preference share is entitled to receive notice of and attend and speak at any general meeting but is not entitled to vote. The B preference shares rank ahead of the ordinary shares and the A preference shares rank ahead of the ordinary shares up to the threshold return and after the E shares for any further amounts due. Preference shareholders are entitled to 12% per annum on any winding up of the Company or other return of capital. The preference shares may be redeemed in whole or in part by the Company at any time. Other than a return of capital, preference dividends are payable entirely at the discretion of the Company.

23. **Contingent liabilities**

There are no contingent liabilities in respect of legal or potential claims arising in the ordinary course of business, the outcome of which cannot at present be foreseen. Appropriate liabilities have been recognised in the balance sheet for all liabilities that are, in the opinion of the directors, likely to materialise.

24. **Operating lease arrangements**

	As at 31 December		
	2012	2013	2014
	£'000	£'000	£'000
Minimum lease payments under operating leases recognised as an expense in the year	11,869	12,554	14,485

As at 31 December 2012

The Group had outstanding commitments for future minimum lease payments under non-cancellable operating leases which fall due as follows:

	<u>Land and buildings</u> £'000	<u>Other</u> £'000	<u>Total</u> £'000
Within one year	12,663	577	13,240
Two – five years inclusive	51,648	267	51,915
After five years	<u>297,321</u>	<u>—</u>	<u>297,321</u>

As at 31 December 2013

The Group had outstanding commitments for future minimum lease payments under non-cancellable operating leases which fall due as follows:

	<u>Land and buildings</u> £'000	<u>Other</u> £'000	<u>Total</u> £'000
Within one year	13,306	559	13,865
Two – five years inclusive	54,180	230	54,410
After five years	<u>285,311</u>	<u>—</u>	<u>285,311</u>

As at 31 December 2014

The Group had outstanding commitments for future minimum lease payments under non-cancellable operating leases which fall due as follows:

	<u>Land and buildings</u> £'000	<u>Other</u> £'000	<u>Total</u> £'000
Within one year	27,568	211	27,779
Two – five years inclusive	109,908	330	110,238
After five years	<u>610,816</u>	<u>—</u>	<u>610,816</u>

Operating lease payments represent rentals payable by the Group for certain of its operational and office properties, as well as leases for other assets used at the Group's sites. Most property leases have an average term of between 20 and 30 years. The period for which rentals are fixed varies for each lease.

25. Financial instruments and risk management

The use of financial instruments is managed under policies and procedures approved by the Board. These are designed to reduce the financial risks faced by the Group, which primarily relates to credit, interest and liquidity risks, which arise in the normal course of the Group's business.

25.1 Credit risk

Financial instruments which potentially expose the Group to credit risk consist primarily of cash and trade receivables. Cash is only deposited with major financial institutions that satisfy certain credit criteria.

Credit risk is not considered to be significant given that the majority of the Group's revenue is derived from publicly funded entities and payment is taken in advance for privately funded healthcare services.

The Group provides credit to its customers in the normal course of business and the balance sheet is net of allowances of £1.2 million (2013: £1.2 million; 2012: £1.4 million) for doubtful receivables. The Group does not require collateral in respect of financial assets. Trade receivables are measured at amortised cost.

The average credit period taken at the year end on the provision of services is 19 days (2013: 17 days; 2012: 16 days). Allowances against doubtful debts are recognised against trade receivables based on estimated irrecoverable amounts determined by reference to past default experience of the counterparty. The majority of the Group's allowance for doubtful debts relates to specific trade receivables that are not considered to be recoverable, and management only considers it appropriate to create a collective provision based on the age of the trade receivable in respect of certain types of trade receivables.

The ageing of trade receivables is as follows:

	As at 31 December		
	2012	2013	2014
	£'000	£'000	£'000
Current	14,049	15,667	19,333
30 – 60 days	5,320	6,518	8,174
60 – 150 days	1,518	944	1,115
150 days +	1,276	1,008	307
	<u>22,163</u>	<u>24,137</u>	<u>28,929</u>

The directors consider that the carrying amount of trade and other receivables is approximately equal to their fair value.

The ageing of trade receivables past due but not impaired is as follows:

	As at 31 December		
	2012	2013	2014
	£'000	£'000	£'000
60 days +	<u>1,585</u>	<u>749</u>	<u>282</u>

Trade receivables neither past due nor impaired are considered to be of good credit quality.

The movement in allowance for doubtful debts is as follows:

	£'000
As at 1 January 2012	1,146
Arising on business combinations	60
Amounts written off during the year as uncollectible	(127)
Increase in provision	310
As at 31 December 2012	1,389
Amounts written off during the year as uncollectible	(86)
Decrease in provision	(82)
As at 31 December 2013	1,221
Amounts written off during the year as uncollectible	(66)
As at 31 December 2014	<u>1,155</u>

Apart from the Group's three largest customers (Clinical Commissioning Groups ("CCGs", being organised within the NHS) on a consolidated basis, Local Authorities on a consolidated basis, and NHS England), the Group does not have any significant credit risk exposure to any single counterparty or any group of counterparties having similar characteristics. The Group defines counterparties as having similar characteristics if they are related entities. Refer to Note 3.4 for information about the Group's largest customer on an individual basis, NHS England.

There is no concern over the credit quality of amounts past due but not impaired since the risk is spread over a number of unrelated counterparties which include local and central government. The maximum exposure to credit risk at the reporting date is the carrying value of each class of receivable mentioned above and cash held by the Group.

25.2 Interest rate risk

The Group finances its operations through called up share capital, retained earnings, bank facilities and high yield bonds. At 31 December 2014 the majority of the Group's borrowings were fixed rate debt, with the exception of £31.3 million (2013: £17.5 million; 2012: £12.0 million) which was drawn down on the revolving

credit facility at an interest rate of LIBOR plus 4.0% (2013: LIBOR plus 4.0%; 2012: LIBOR plus 4.0%). The interest rate on future cash advances under the facility is the aggregate of the applicable margin, LIBOR/EURIBOR and mandatory costs (if any). The margin may range from 4.0% to 3.0% based on the ratio of total net debt (defined as senior secured notes, senior unsecured notes, revolving credit facility and finance leases, less cash and excluding accrued interest) to EBITDA.

The Group's borrowings are at fixed interest rates with the exception of the £31.3 million (2013: £17.5 million; 2012: £12.0 million) bank loan and as a result at 31 December 2014, a general increase of one percentage point in interest rates would not have a significant impact on the Group's profit before tax.

25.3 *Liquidity risk*

The Group prepares both annual and short-term cash flow forecasts reflecting known commitments and anticipated projects. Borrowings facilities are arranged as necessary to finance requirements. The Group has sufficient available bank facilities and cash flows from operations to fund current commitments.

As at 31 December 2012

The following table shows the contractual cash flow maturities of financial liabilities:

	<u>Total</u> £'000	<u>0-1 years</u> £'000	<u>2-5 years</u> £'000	<u>5 years and over</u> £'000
Trade payables	9,762	9,762		
Corporation tax payable	425	425		
High yield bonds	1,148,621	59,483	237,930	851,208
Bank loans	14,329	656	13,673	—
Finance lease liabilities	4,697	1,643	3,054	—
	<u>1,177,834</u>	<u>71,969</u>	<u>254,657</u>	<u>851,208</u>

As at 31 December 2013

The following table shows the contractual cash flow maturities of financial liabilities:

	<u>Total</u> £'000	<u>0-1 years</u> £'000	<u>2-5 years</u> £'000	<u>5 years and over</u> £'000
Trade payables	11,957	11,957	—	—
Corporation tax payable	188	188	—	—
High yield bonds	1,090,187	59,701	847,720	182,766
Bank loans	20,069	790	19,279	—
Finance lease liabilities	4,174	1,651	2,523	—
	<u>1,126,575</u>	<u>74,287</u>	<u>869,522</u>	<u>182,766</u>

As at 31 December 2014

The following table shows the contractual cash flow maturities of financial liabilities:

	<u>Total</u> £'000	<u>0-1 years</u> £'000	<u>2-5 years</u> £'000	<u>5 years and over</u> £'000
Trade payables	13,866	13,866	—	—
High yield bonds	733,600	42,572	691,028	—
Bank loans	34,555	1,469	33,086	—
Finance lease liabilities	3,426	1,585	1,841	—
	<u>785,447</u>	<u>59,492</u>	<u>725,955</u>	<u>—</u>

The loan notes and associated interest have been excluded from the tables above. Interest accruing on the loan notes can be settled in PIK notes, which are not due for repayment until July 2057 or March 2060 in line with the initial capital. Cash outflows are therefore not expected until maturity hence given the length of time to maturity it is deemed reasonable to exclude from the above analysis.

25.4 Capital risk management

The Group's objective when managing its capital is to ensure that entities in the Group will be able to continue as a going concern whilst maximising returns of stakeholders through the optimisation of debt and equity. The Group manages its capital structure and makes adjustment to it with respect to changes in economic conditions and the strategic objectives of the Group. The Group also aims to maintain a strong credit rating and adequate headroom within the Group's banking facilities, whilst ensuring that all covenants are met. Throughout the year the Group has operated comfortably in line with this policy.

The Group's capital structure is as follows:

	As at 31 December		
	2012 £'000	2013 £'000	2014 £'000
Cash	43,009	44,414	22,644
Borrowings	(1,051,419)	(1,085,647)	(883,449)
Equity	<u>277,771</u>	<u>246,950</u>	<u>234,088</u>

The Group is not subject to any externally imposed capital requirements. Net debt is defined as long-term and short-term borrowings less cash.

25.5 Foreign currency risk

The Group operates entirely in the United Kingdom and is not exposed to any foreign currency risks.

25.6 Fair values

IFRS 13 requires financial instruments that are measured at fair value to be classified according to the valuation technique used:

- *Level 1* – quoted prices (unadjusted) in active markets for identical assets or liabilities
- *Level 2* – inputs, other than Level 1 inputs, that are observable for the asset or liability, either directly (i.e. as prices) or indirectly (i.e. derived from prices)
- *Level 3* – unobservable inputs

The fair value of the Group's high yield bonds can be observed directly from market prices as the bonds are listed on the Luxembourg Stock Exchange and have therefore been measured using Level 1 inputs.

In the opinion of the directors, the fair value of the Group's fixed rate loan notes are not considered to be significantly different to the book value, therefore book value is considered to be a reasonable proxy.

The Group has no financial instruments that are measured at fair value.

As at 31 December 2012

	Carrying amount £'000	Fair value £'000
Receivables		
Cash and cash equivalents	43,009	43,009
Trade receivables	20,774	20,774
	<u>63,783</u>	<u>63,783</u>
Financial liabilities at amortised cost		
Trade and other payables	(84,421)	(84,421)
High yield bonds	(828,460)	(836,219)
Loan notes	(222,654)	(222,654)
Bank loans	(12,116)	(12,116)
Finance lease liabilities	(4,697)	(4,697)
	<u>(1,152,348)</u>	<u>(1,160,107)</u>

As at 31 December 2013

	Carrying amount £'000	Fair value £'000
Receivables		
Cash and cash equivalents	44,414	44,414
Trade receivables	22,916	22,916
	<u>67,330</u>	<u>67,330</u>
Financial liabilities at amortised cost		
Trade and other payables	(76,309)	(76,309)
High yield bonds	(828,490)	(868,970)
Loan notes	(249,372)	(249,372)
Bank loans	(17,552)	(17,552)
Finance lease liabilities	(4,174)	(4,174)
	<u>(1,175,897)</u>	<u>(1,216,377)</u>

As at 31 December 2014

	Carrying amount £'000	Fair value £'000
Receivables		
Cash and cash equivalents	22,644	22,644
Trade receivables	27,774	27,774
	<u>50,418</u>	<u>50,418</u>
Financial liabilities at amortised cost		
Trade and other payables	(83,927)	(83,927)
High yield bonds	(577,346)	(601,156)
Loan notes	(279,295)	(279,295)
Bank loans	(31,505)	(31,505)
Finance lease liabilities	(3,426)	(3,426)
	<u>(975,499)</u>	<u>(999,309)</u>

25.7 *Financing facilities*

The Group has the following undrawn borrowing facilities:

	As at 31 December		
	2012 £'000	2013 £'000	2014 £'000
Secured revolving credit facility – floating rate expiring beyond one year	<u>85,842</u>	<u>79,836</u>	<u>66,081</u>

The revolving credit facility was entered into on 3 March 2011 and expires on 3 February 2017. The revolving credit facility provides for borrowings up to an aggregate of £70.0 million on a committed basis and a further £30.0 million on an uncommitted basis. Of the total available facility, £31.3 million was drawn down as at 31 December 2014 (2013: £17.5 million; 2012: £12.0 million) and £2.7 million (2013: £2.7 million; 2012: £2.2 million) of the £100.0 million facility has been utilised by outstanding letters of credit and other ancillary facilities.

The revolving credit facility requires the Group to maintain a financial ratio in relation to drawn super senior gross leverage defined as the total amount outstanding under the facility (excluding accrued interest, fees and commission) and EBITDA. The current forecasts indicate that the Group will comply with this ratio for the foreseeable future.

26. Related party transactions

26.1 *Ultimate parent and controlling party*

The Group's ultimate parent is Priory Group No. 1 Limited, a company incorporated in the United Kingdom. The results of this company are included in the consolidated financial statements of Priory Group No. 1 Limited, the largest and smallest group undertaking to consolidate these financial statements, a copy of which can be obtained from the Company Secretary at Fifth Floor, 80 Hammersmith Road, London W14 8UD. Priory Group No. 1 Limited is beneficially owned by funds managed by Advent International Corporation which is considered by the directors to be the ultimate controlling party of the Company.

Balances and transactions between the Company and its subsidiaries, which are related parties, have been eliminated on consolidation and are not disclosed in this Note.

26.2 *Remuneration of key management personnel*

The remuneration of the directors is set out below in aggregate for each of the categories specified in IAS 24 "Related Party Disclosures".

	Year ended 31 December		
	2012	2013	2014
	£'000	£'000	£'000
Short-term employee benefits (including employer's national insurance)	1,840	1,750	1,966
Compensation for loss of office (including employer's national insurance)	458	—	627
Post-employment benefits	68	82	72
Total directors' emoluments	2,366	1,832	2,665

The emoluments of the highest paid director of the Company were £845,000 (2013: £1,486,000; 2012: £829,000) excluding employer's national insurance contributions of £115,000 (2013: £204,000; 2012: £108,000). The amount in the year ended 31 December 2013 included £1,219,000 of certain contractual bonuses and other non-recurring emoluments (including employer's national insurance contributions) which are excluded from short-term employee benefits in the table above. In addition, in the year ended 31 December 2014, the Group paid pension contributions of £43,000 (2013: £38,000; 2012: £nil) in respect of the highest paid director.

The key management of the Group are deemed to be the executive management team which comprises the executive directors and certain other members of senior management.

26.3 *Other disclosures*

The loan notes issued by the Group are owned by funds managed by Advent International Corporation. See note 18 for further details.

Funds managed and/or advised by Advent beneficially own and control (through wholly owned intermediary holding companies) approximately 88% of the issued share capital of Priory Group No. 1 Limited. The remaining 12% of the share capital was allocated for equity investment by the senior management team and other senior directors.

Tom Riall, a director of Priory Group No.1 Limited, was issued a loan in 2013 by the Company for the sole purpose of acquiring 147,943 C ordinary shares in Priory Group No. 1 Limited. The principal balance outstanding on the loan at 31 December 2014 is £147,943 (2013: £147,943; 2012: £nil) and bears interest at the higher of 4% per annum and the official rate of HM Revenue and Customs.

27. Subsidiaries

The subsidiary undertakings as at 31 December 2014 are as follows:

<u>Name of subsidiary</u>	<u>Principal activities</u>	<u>Country of incorporation</u>	<u>Class and percentage of shares held</u>
Priory Group No. 2 Limited	Holding company	United Kingdom	100% ordinary
Priory Group No. 3 PLC	Holding company	United Kingdom	100% ordinary
Priory Investments Holdings Limited	Holding company	Cayman Islands	100% ordinary
Priory Health No. 1 Limited	Holding company	Cayman Islands	100% ordinary
Craegmoor Group Limited	Holding company	United Kingdom	100% ordinary
Priory Healthcare Holdings Limited	Holding company	United Kingdom	100% ordinary
Medical Imaging (Essex) Limited	Non trading	United Kingdom	100% ordinary
Nottcor 6 Limited	Non trading	United Kingdom	100% ordinary
Priory Pension Trustee Limited	Trustee company	United Kingdom	100% ordinary
Priory Healthcare Investments Trustee Limited	Investment trustee company	United Kingdom	100% ordinary
Priory Holdings Company No 1 Limited	Holding company	Cayman Islands	100% ordinary
Priory New Investments Limited	Holding company	United Kingdom	100% ordinary
Priory Services for Young People Limited	Non trading	Isle of Man	100% ordinary
Priory Health No. 2 Limited	Holding company	Cayman Islands	100% ordinary
Priory Healthcare Investments Limited	Holding company	United Kingdom	100% ordinary
Priory Finance Company Limited	Financing company	Cayman Islands	100% ordinary
Priory Finance Property Holdings No. 1 Limited	Non trading	United Kingdom	100% ordinary
Priory Finance Property Holdings No. 2 Limited	Non trading	United Kingdom	100% ordinary
Coxlease Holdings Limited	Holding company	United Kingdom	100% ordinary
Coxlease School Limited	Non trading	United Kingdom	100% ordinary
Priory Healthcare Finance Co Limited	Non trading	United Kingdom	100% ordinary
Priory Group Limited	Non trading	United Kingdom	100% ordinary
Priory Securitisation Holdings Limited	Non trading	United Kingdom	100% ordinary
Priory Behavioural Health Limited	Non trading	United Kingdom	100% ordinary
Employee Management Services Limited	Non trading	United Kingdom	100% ordinary
Care Continuums Limited	Non trading	United Kingdom	100% ordinary
Sturt House Clinic Limited	Non trading	United Kingdom	100% ordinary
Community Addiction Services Limited	Non trading	United Kingdom	100% ordinary
Public Health Solutions Limited	Non trading	United Kingdom	100% ordinary
Priory Healthcare Europe Limited	Non trading	United Kingdom	100% ordinary
Fanplate Limited	Non trading	United Kingdom	100% ordinary
Priory Securitisation Limited	Non trading	United Kingdom	100% ordinary
Priory Grange (Holdings) Limited	Non trading	United Kingdom	100% ordinary
Priory Grange (St Neots) Limited	Non trading	United Kingdom	100% ordinary
Priory Grange (Potters Bar) Limited	Non trading	United Kingdom	100% ordinary
Priory Old Acute Services Limited	Non trading	United Kingdom	100% ordinary
Priory Old Grange Services Limited	Non trading	United Kingdom	100% ordinary
Priory Old Forensic Services Limited	Non trading	United Kingdom	100% ordinary
Priory Old Schools Services Limited	Non trading	United Kingdom	100% ordinary
Libra Health Limited	Non trading	United Kingdom	100% ordinary
Priory Rehabilitation Services Holdings Limited	Non trading	United Kingdom	100% ordinary
Priory Specialist Health Limited	Non trading	United Kingdom	100% ordinary
Jacques Hall Developments Limited	Non trading	United Kingdom	100% ordinary
Blenheim Healthcare Limited	Non trading	United Kingdom	100% ordinary
Highbank Private Hospital Limited	Non trading	United Kingdom	100% ordinary

Name of subsidiary	Principal activities	Country of incorporation	Class and percentage of shares held
Jacques Hall Limited	Non trading	United Kingdom	100% ordinary
Robinson Kay House (Bury) Limited	Non trading	United Kingdom	100% ordinary
Farm Place Limited	Non trading	United Kingdom	100% ordinary
Priory Healthcare Services Limited	Non trading	United Kingdom	100% ordinary
Farleigh Schools Limited	Non trading	United Kingdom	100% ordinary
Eastwood Grange Company Limited	Non trading	United Kingdom	100% ordinary
Chelfham Senior School Limited	Non trading	United Kingdom	100% ordinary
Rossendale School Limited	Non trading	United Kingdom	100% ordinary
Autism (GB) Limited	Non trading	United Kingdom	100% ordinary
ZR Builders (Derby) Limited	Non trading	United Kingdom	100% ordinary
Solutions (Ross) Limited	Non trading	United Kingdom	100% ordinary
Solutions (Llangarron) Limited	Non trading	United Kingdom	100% ordinary
Mark College Limited	Non trading	United Kingdom	100% ordinary
Priory Hospitals Limited	Non trading	United Kingdom	100% ordinary
North Hill House Limited	Non trading	United Kingdom	100% ordinary
Libra Nursing Homes Limited	Non trading	United Kingdom	100% ordinary
Ticehurst House Private Clinic Limited	Non trading	United Kingdom	100% ordinary
Priory Holdings Company No. 2 Limited	Holding company	Cayman Islands	100% ordinary
Cockermouth Propco Limited	Property company	United Kingdom	100% ordinary
Fulford Grange Medical Centre Limited	Non trading	United Kingdom	50% ordinary
Priory Specialist Health Division Limited	Non trading	United Kingdom	100% ordinary
Priory Holdings Company No. 3 Limited	Holding company	Cayman Islands	100% ordinary
Priory Bristol (Property) Limited	Property company	Cayman Islands	100% ordinary
Priory Chadwick (Property) Limited	Property company	Cayman Islands	100% ordinary
Priory Coach House (Property) Limited	Property company	Cayman Islands	100% ordinary
Priory Condoover (Property) Limited	Property company	Cayman Islands	100% ordinary
Priory Coombe House (Property) Limited	Property company	Cayman Islands	100% ordinary
Priory Eastwood Grange (Property) Limited	Property company	Cayman Islands	100% ordinary
Priory Eden Grove (Property) Limited	Property company	Cayman Islands	100% ordinary
Priory Farm Place (Property) Limited	Property company	Cayman Islands	100% ordinary
Priory Hemel Grange (Property) Limited	Property company	Cayman Islands	100% ordinary
Priory Hove (Property) Limited	Property company	Cayman Islands	100% ordinary
Priory Jacques Hall (Property) Limited	Property company	Cayman Islands	100% ordinary
Priory Marchwood (Property) Limited	Property company	Cayman Islands	100% ordinary
Priory Mark College (Property) Limited	Property company	Cayman Islands	100% ordinary
Priory Nottingham (Property) Limited	Property company	Cayman Islands	100% ordinary
Priory Roehampton (Property) Limited	Property company	Cayman Islands	100% ordinary
Priory Sheridan House (Property) Limited	Property company	Cayman Islands	100% ordinary
Priory Sketchley Hall (Property) Limited	Property company	Cayman Islands	100% ordinary
Priory Solutions (Property) Limited	Property company	Cayman Islands	100% ordinary
Priory Sturt (Property) Limited	Property company	Cayman Islands	100% ordinary
Priory Tadley Court (Property) Limited	Property company	Cayman Islands	100% ordinary
Priory Unsted Park (Property) Limited	Property company	Cayman Islands	100% ordinary
Priory Widnes (Property) Limited	Property company	Cayman Islands	100% ordinary

Name of subsidiary	Principal activities	Country of incorporation	Class and percentage of shares held
Priory Healthcare Limited	Specialist healthcare	United Kingdom	100% ordinary
Priory Rehabilitation Services Limited	Brain injury rehabilitation services	United Kingdom	100% ordinary
Priory Secure Services Limited	Forensic psychiatric services	United Kingdom	100% ordinary
Priory Education Services Limited	Schools for children with special needs	United Kingdom	100% ordinary
Priory Central Services Limited	Management services	United Kingdom	100% ordinary
Velocity Healthcare Limited	Specialist healthcare	United Kingdom	100% ordinary
Renova LLP	Trading	United Kingdom	100% members' capital
Priory (Thetford 1) Limited	Non trading	United Kingdom	100% ordinary
Priory (Thetford 2) Limited	Non trading	United Kingdom	100% ordinary
Thetford Trustee LLP	Non trading	United Kingdom	100% members' capital
Castlecare Group Limited	Non trading	United Kingdom	100% ordinary
Castlecare Holdings Limited	Non trading	United Kingdom	100% ordinary
Castle Homes Care Limited	Children's care homes	United Kingdom	100% ordinary
Castle Homes Limited	Children's care homes	United Kingdom	100% ordinary
Quantum Care (UK) Limited	Children's care homes	United Kingdom	100% ordinary
Castlecare Cymru Limited	Children's care homes	United Kingdom	100% ordinary
Castlecare Education Limited	Specialist education services	United Kingdom	100% ordinary
Rothcare Estates Limited	Property company	United Kingdom	100% ordinary
Priory Farmfield Limited	Non trading	United Kingdom	100% ordinary
CO Developments Limited	Property company	United Kingdom	100% ordinary
Priory Care Homes Holdings Limited	Non trading	United Kingdom	100% ordinary
Helden Homes Limited	Rehabilitation services	United Kingdom	100% ordinary
Priory New Investments No. 2 Limited	Holding company	United Kingdom	100% ordinary
Priory New Investments No. 3 Limited	Holding company	United Kingdom	100% ordinary
Affinity Healthcare Holdings Limited	Holding company	United Kingdom	100% ordinary
Priory New Education Services Limited	Education	United Kingdom	100% ordinary
Priory (Troup House) Limited	Education	United Kingdom	100% ordinary
Dunhall Property Limited	Non trading	United Kingdom	100% ordinary
Affinity Healthcare Limited	Holding company	United Kingdom	100% ordinary
Affinity Hospitals Holdings Limited	Holding company	United Kingdom	100% ordinary
Affinity Hospitals Group Limited	Holding company	United Kingdom	100% ordinary
Affinity Hospitals Limited	Holding company	United Kingdom	100% ordinary
Cheadle Royal Healthcare Limited	Private healthcare	United Kingdom	100% ordinary
Middleton St George Healthcare Limited	Private healthcare	United Kingdom	100% ordinary
Cheadle Royal Hospital Limited	Non trading	United Kingdom	100% ordinary
Cheadle Royal Residential Services Limited	Non trading	United Kingdom	100% ordinary
Craegmoor Group (No.1) Limited	Holding company	United Kingdom	Limited by guarantee
Craegmoor Group (No.2) Limited	Holding company	United Kingdom	100% ordinary
Craegmoor Group (No.3) Limited	Holding company	United Kingdom	100% ordinary
Amore Group (Holdings) Limited	Holding company	United Kingdom	100% ordinary
Craegmoor Group (No.5) Limited	Holding company	United Kingdom	100% ordinary
Craegmoor Group (No.6) Limited	Holding company	United Kingdom	100% ordinary
Craegmoor Limited	Holding company	United Kingdom	100% ordinary
Amore Care Holdings Limited	Holding company	United Kingdom	100% ordinary
Craegmoor Facilities Company Limited	Supply of services	United Kingdom	100% ordinary

Name of subsidiary	Principal activities	Country of incorporation	Class and percentage of shares held
Craegmoor Hospitals (Holdings) Limited	Holding company	United Kingdom	100% ordinary
Craegmoor Learning (Holdings) Limited	Holding company	United Kingdom	100% ordinary
Craegmoor Care (Holdings) Limited	Holding company	United Kingdom	100% ordinary
Speciality Care Limited	Holding company	United Kingdom	100% 10p ordinary shares, 100% cumulative redeemable preference shares
Craegmoor (Harbour Care) Limited	Holding company	United Kingdom	100% ordinary
Harbour Care (UK) Limited	Care delivery	United Kingdom	100% of total issued share capital (ordinary, A, B and cumulative preference)
Speciality Care (Rest Homes) Limited	Care delivery	United Kingdom	100% ordinary
Strathmore College Limited	Care delivery	United Kingdom	100% ordinary
Speciality Care (Medicare) Limited	Holding company	United Kingdom	100% ordinary
Specialised Courses Offering Purposeful Education Limited	Care delivery	United Kingdom	100% ordinary
Independent Community Living (Holdings) Limited	Holding company	United Kingdom	100% ordinary
Craegmoor Hospitals Limited	Care delivery	United Kingdom	100% ordinary
Speciality Care (Care Homes) Limited	Care delivery	United Kingdom	100% ordinary
Burnside Care Limited	Care delivery	United Kingdom	100% ordinary
Craegmoor Healthcare Company Limited	Non trading	United Kingdom	100% ordinary
Craegmoor Supporting You Limited	Care delivery	United Kingdom	100% ordinary
Greymount Properties Limited	Care delivery	United Kingdom	100% ordinary
Parkcare Homes (No. 2) Limited	Care delivery	United Kingdom	100% ordinary
Autism TASC Services Limited	Care delivery	United Kingdom	100% ordinary
Cotswold Care Services Limited	Care delivery	United Kingdom	100% ordinary
Craegmoor Holdings Limited	Care delivery	United Kingdom	100% ordinary
Craegmoor Homes Limited	Care delivery	United Kingdom	100% ordinary
J C Care Limited	Care delivery	United Kingdom	100% ordinary
Johnston Care Limited	Care delivery	United Kingdom	100% ordinary
Lambs Support Services Limited	Care delivery	United Kingdom	100% ordinary
Positive Living Limited	Care delivery	United Kingdom	100% ordinary
Sapphire Care Services Limited	Care delivery	United Kingdom	100% ordinary
Strathmore Care Services Limited	Care delivery	United Kingdom	100% ordinary
Treehome Limited	Care delivery	United Kingdom	100% ordinary
Grovedraft Limited	Non trading	United Kingdom	100% ordinary
Peninsula Autism Services and Support Limited	Care delivery	United Kingdom	100% ordinary
High Quality Lifestyles Limited	Care delivery	United Kingdom	100% ordinary
New Directions (Bexhill) Limited	Care delivery	United Kingdom	100% ordinary
New Directions (Hastings) Limited	Care delivery	United Kingdom	100% ordinary
New Directions (Robertsbridge) Limited	Care delivery	United Kingdom	100% ordinary
New Directions (St. Leonards on Sea) Limited	Care delivery	United Kingdom	100% ordinary
Lansdowne Road Limited	Care delivery	United Kingdom	100% ordinary
Lothlorien Community Limited	Care delivery	United Kingdom	100% ordinary
R.J. Homes Limited	Care delivery	United Kingdom	100% ordinary
Heddfan Care Limited	Care delivery	United Kingdom	100% ordinary
Conquest Care Homes (Norfolk) Limited	Care delivery	United Kingdom	100% ordinary

<u>Name of subsidiary</u>	<u>Principal activities</u>	<u>Country of incorporation</u>	<u>Class and percentage of shares held</u>
Conquest Care Homes (Peterborough) Limited	Care delivery	United Kingdom	100% ordinary
Conquest Care Homes (Soham) Limited	Care delivery	United Kingdom	100% ordinary
Ferguson Care Limited	Care delivery	United Kingdom	100% ordinary
Speciality Care (Learning Disabilities) Limited	Care delivery	United Kingdom	100% ordinary
Speciality Care (Rehab) Limited	Care delivery	United Kingdom	100% ordinary
Amore (Prestwick) Limited	Elderly care services	United Kingdom	100% ordinary
Amore Elderly Care Holdings Limited	Elderly care services	United Kingdom	100% ordinary
Amore Elderly Care (Wednesfield) Limited	Elderly care services	United Kingdom	100% ordinary
Amore (Ben Madigan) Limited	Elderly care services	United Kingdom	100% ordinary
Amore (Warrenpoint) Limited	Elderly care services	United Kingdom	100% ordinary
Amore (Watton) Limited	Elderly care services	United Kingdom	100% ordinary
Amore Care Limited	Elderly care services	United Kingdom	100% ordinary
Speciality Healthcare Limited	Elderly care services	United Kingdom	100% ordinary
Health & Care Services (NW) Limited	Elderly care services	United Kingdom	100% ordinary
Speciality Care (Addison Court) Limited	Elderly care services	United Kingdom	100% ordinary
Speciality Care (EMI) Limited	Elderly care services	United Kingdom	100% ordinary and 100% preference
Speciality Care (UK Lease Homes) Limited	Elderly care services	United Kingdom	100% ordinary
Parkcare Homes Limited	Elderly care services	United Kingdom	100% ordinary
Health & Care Services (UK) Limited	Elderly care services	United Kingdom	100% ordinary
Amore (Stoke 1) Limited	Elderly care services	United Kingdom	100% ordinary
Amore (Wednesfield 1) Limited	Elderly care services	United Kingdom	100% ordinary
S P Cockermonth Limited	Elderly care services	United Kingdom	100% ordinary
Amore (Coventry) Limited	Elderly care services	Isle of Man	100% ordinary
Yorkshire Parkcare Company Limited	Elderly care services	United Kingdom	100% ordinary
Speciality Care (Rest Care) Limited	Non trading	United Kingdom	100% ordinary
Amore (Bourne) Limited	Non trading	United Kingdom	100% ordinary
Amore (Cockermonth) Limited	Non trading	United Kingdom	100% ordinary
Amore (Ings Road) Limited	Non trading	United Kingdom	100% ordinary
Amore Elderly Care Limited	Elderly care services	United Kingdom	100% ordinary
Amore (Stoke 2) Limited	Non trading	United Kingdom	100% ordinary
Stoke 3 Limited	Non trading	United Kingdom	100% ordinary
Amore (Wednesfield 2) Limited	Non trading	United Kingdom	100% ordinary
Wednesfield 3 Limited	Non trading	United Kingdom	100% ordinary
Stoke Trustee (No 2) LLP	Non trading	United Kingdom	100% membership capital
Wednesfield Trustee LLP	Non trading	United Kingdom	100% membership capital
Wednesfield Trustee (No 2) LLP	Non trading	United Kingdom	100% membership capital
Stoke Trustee LLP	Non trading	United Kingdom	100% membership capital
Priory Finance Property LLP	Property company	United Kingdom	100% membership capital

All of the subsidiary undertaking listed above have been controlled by the Group throughout the period to which this historical financial information relates, with the following exceptions:

<u>Name of subsidiary</u>	<u>Date of acquisition</u>
Harbour Care (UK) Limited	15 February 2012*
Peninsula Autism Services & Support Limited	30 April 2012
High Quality Lifestyles Limited	31 August 2012
Helden Homes Limited	23 July 2013
New Directions (Hastings) Limited	31 January 2014
New Directions (Bexhill) Limited	31 January 2014
New Directions (Robertsbridge) Limited	31 January 2014
New Directions (St. Leonards on Sea) Limited	31 January 2014
Castlecare Group Limited	28 November 2014
Castlecare Holdings Limited	28 November 2014
Castle Homes Care Limited	28 November 2014
Castle Homes Limited	28 November 2014
Quantum Care (UK) Limited	28 November 2014
Castlecare Cymru Limited	28 November 2014
Castlecare Education Limited	28 November 2014
Rothcare Estates Limited	28 November 2014

* 75% of share capital acquired on 15 February 2012, with the remaining 25% acquired on 13 June 2013.

All of the subsidiary undertakings of the Group have their registered address at Fifth Floor, 80 Hammersmith Road, London W14 8UD, United Kingdom, with the following exceptions:

The following subsidiaries have their registered address at c/o M&C Corporate Services Limited, P.O. Box 309GT, Uglan House, South Church Street, Georgetown, Grand Cayman, Cayman Islands: Priory Chadwick Lodge (Property) Limited, Priory Coach House (Property) Limited, Priory Eden Grove (Property) Limited, Priory Farm Place (Property) Limited, Priory Hemel Grange (Property) Limited, Priory Hove (Property) Limited, Priory Marchwood (Property) Limited, Priory Mark College (Property) Limited, Priory Nottingham (Property) Limited, Priory Roehampton (Property) Limited, Priory Sheridan House (Property) Limited, Priory Sketchley Hall (Property) Limited, Priory Sturt (Property) Limited, Priory Unsted Park (Property) Limited, Priory Bristol (Property) Limited, Priory Condover (Property) Limited, Priory Coombe House (Property) Limited, Priory Eastwood Grange (Property) Limited, Priory Jacques Hall (Property) Limited, Priory Solutions (Property) Limited, Priory Tadley Court (Property) Limited, Priory Widnes (Property) Limited, Priory Finance Company Limited, Priory Health No 1 Limited, Priory Health No 2 Limited, Priory Health No 3 Limited, Priory Investments Holdings Limited.

The following subsidiaries have their registered address at 38-40 Mansionhouse Road, Glasgow G41 3DW, United Kingdom: Affinity Hospitals Group Limited, Affinity Hospitals Holding Limited, Priory (Troup House) Limited.

The following subsidiary has its registered address at Norwich Union House, 7 Fountain Street, Belfast BT1 5EA, United Kingdom: CO Developments Limited.

The following subsidiaries have their registered address at First Floor, Jubilee Buildings, Victoria Street, Douglas IM1 2SH, Isle of Man: Amore (Coventry) Limited, Priory Services for Young People (IOM) Limited.

28. Post balance sheet events

28.1 Acquisition of Life Works Community Limited

On 17 September 2015 the Group acquired a 100% interest in Life Works Community Limited for total cash consideration of £7.8 million, funded by way of a draw down on the Group's Revolving Credit Facility. The company operates a 22 bed facility in South East England which specialises in providing inpatient therapy for individuals with drug, alcohol and other addictions, eating disorders and depression.

The net fair value of the assets and liabilities acquired as part of the Life Works Community business combination was £2.0 million (comprising £1.3 million of intangible assets, £2.8 million of property, plant and equipment, and £0.2 million of cash, offset by £1.1 million of bank loans, £0.8 million of deferred tax and net working capital of £0.4 million), giving rise to goodwill on acquisition of £5.8 million. The Group settled the outstanding bank loan in full immediately upon acquisition.

The intangible asset recognised relates to the Life Works brand and will be amortised over 20 years on a straight line basis. Goodwill recognised on acquisition is attributable to the synergies expected to be achieved through integration of the business with the rest of the Group, together with the skills and talent of the assembled workforce. None of the goodwill is expected to be deductible for corporation tax purposes.

Acquisition costs (primarily legal and professional fees) of £0.1 million were incurred in connection with the Life Works Community business combination.

28.2 Acquisition of Progress Care

On 22 December 2015 the Group acquired a 100% interest in the share capital of Progress Care (Holdings) Limited group ("Progress Care") for total cash consideration of £10.8 million, funded through existing cash reserves. The Progress Care group operates ten facilities for children and adults with specialist care requirements in the North West of England through two wholly owned trading subsidiaries, Progress Care and Education Limited and Progress Adult Services Limited. The directors are currently assessing the fair values of the assets and liabilities acquired in the Progress Care business combination.

PRIORY GROUP NO. 1 Limited

UNAUDITED CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED INTERIM FINANCIAL INFORMATION

For the nine months ended 30 September 2015

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Priory Group No. 1 Limited
 Consolidated income statement (unaudited)
 For the nine months 30 September 2015

£'000	Note	9 months ended 30 September 2015	9 months ended 30 September 2014
Revenue	3	424,530	385,325
Operating costs (including exceptional items of £6.2m (2014: £1.6m))		(377,267)	(330,766)
Operating profit	3	47,263	54,559
Finance costs		(60,970)	(71,346)
Finance income		168	196
Loss before tax		(13,539)	(16,591)
Tax	5	194	14,344
Loss for the period		(13,345)	(2,247)

Priory Group No. 1 Limited
Consolidated statement of total comprehensive income (unaudited)
For the nine months 30 September 2015

<u>£'000</u>	9 months ended 30 September 2015	9 months ended 30 September 2014
Loss for the financial year	(13,345)	(2,247)
Other comprehensive income	—	—
Total comprehensive income for the year attributable to owners	<u>(13,345)</u>	<u>(2,247)</u>

Priory Group No. 1 Limited
Consolidated balance sheet (unaudited)
As at 30 September 2015

£'000	Note	As at 30 September 2015	As at 30 September 2014	As at 31 December 2014
Non-current assets				
Intangible assets	6	218,276	210,813	215,452
Property, plant and equipment	7	<u>1,090,643</u>	<u>1,079,238</u>	<u>1,088,360</u>
		1,308,919	1,290,051	1,303,812
Current assets				
Inventories		64	50	49
Trade and other receivables		43,099	32,310	38,005
Cash		<u>16,282</u>	<u>42,960</u>	<u>22,644</u>
		59,445	75,320	60,698
Assets held for resale	8	<u>10,524</u>	<u>229,245</u>	<u>10,808</u>
		<u>69,969</u>	<u>304,565</u>	<u>71,506</u>
Total assets		<u>1,378,888</u>	<u>1,594,616</u>	<u>1,375,318</u>
Current liabilities				
Trade and other payables		(74,455)	(75,225)	(83,927)
Borrowings	9	(7,323)	(9,100)	(17,886)
Provisions for liabilities and charges		<u>(4,296)</u>	<u>(4,122)</u>	<u>(4,760)</u>
		(86,074)	(88,447)	(106,573)
Net current (liabilities)/assets		(16,105)	216,118	(35,067)
Non-current liabilities				
Borrowings	9	(900,675)	(1,086,123)	(865,563)
Deferred tax	5	(147,590)	(153,914)	(147,108)
Provisions for liabilities and charges		<u>(23,805)</u>	<u>(21,429)</u>	<u>(21,986)</u>
		<u>(1,072,070)</u>	<u>(1,261,466)</u>	<u>(1,034,657)</u>
Net assets		<u>220,744</u>	<u>244,703</u>	<u>234,088</u>
Equity attributable to the owners of the parent				
Share capital		261,186	261,184	261,185
Share premium account		11,437	11,437	11,437
Accumulated losses		<u>(51,879)</u>	<u>(27,918)</u>	<u>(38,534)</u>
Total equity		<u>220,744</u>	<u>244,703</u>	<u>234,088</u>

Priory Group No. 1 Limited
 Consolidated cash flow statement (unaudited)
 For the nine months ended 30 September 2015

£'000	9 months ended 30 September 2015	9 months ended 30 September 2014
Operating activities		
Operating profit	47,263	54,559
Profit on disposal of property, plant and equipment	1,625	(6,849)
Depreciation of property, plant and equipment	33,380	33,329
Amortisation of intangible assets	4,507	4,653
Decrease in inventories	—	2
Increase in trade and other receivables	(5,176)	(1,802)
Decrease in trade and other payables	(10,056)	(6,971)
(Decrease)/increase in provisions	(637)	3,253
Charge for future minimum rent increases	1,924	2,138
	<u>72,830</u>	<u>82,312</u>
Taxation	(167)	(364)
Net cash inflow from operating activities	72,663	81,948
Investing activities		
Interest received	168	196
Purchase of subsidiary undertakings, net of cash acquired	(7,861)	(6,161)
Purchases of property, plant and equipment	(34,216)	(33,995)
Proceeds from sale of property, plant and equipment	1,079	19,484
Net cash used in investing activities	(40,830)	(20,476)
Financing activities		
Proceeds from borrowings	19,000	6,250
Repayment of borrowings	(11,054)	(5,500)
Repayment of obligations under finance leases	(1,284)	(1,617)
Interest paid and associated fees	(44,857)	(62,059)
Net cash used in financing activities	(38,195)	(62,926)
Net decrease in cash	(6,362)	(1,454)
Cash at the beginning of the period	<u>22,644</u>	<u>44,414</u>
Cash at the end of the period	<u>16,282</u>	<u>42,960</u>

Priory Group No. 1 Limited
 Consolidated statement of changes in equity (unaudited)
 For the nine months ended 30 September 2015

Nine months ended 30 September 2015

£'000	Share capital	Share premium account	Accumulated losses	Total equity
At 1 January 2015	261,185	11,437	(38,534)	234,088
Loss for the period	—	—	(13,345)	(13,345)
<i>Transactions with owners:</i>				
Issue of share capital	1	—	—	1
At 30 September 2015	261,186	11,437	(51,879)	220,744

Nine months ended 30 September 2014

£'000	Share capital	Share premium account	Accumulated losses	Total equity
At 1 January 2014	261,184	11,437	(25,671)	246,950
Loss for the period	—	—	(2,247)	(2,247)
At 30 September 2014	261,184	11,437	(27,918)	244,703

1. Basis of preparation and accounting policies

This consolidated interim financial information presents the financial records for the nine month period ended 30 September 2015 of Prory Group No 1 Limited (“the Company”) and its subsidiaries (together “the Group”).

The condensed consolidated interim financial information for the nine month period ended 30 September 2015 has been prepared in accordance with IAS 34, ‘Interim financial reporting’, and should be read in conjunction with the annual financial statements for the years ended 31 December 2014 and 31 December 2013 which have been prepared in accordance with IFRSs as issued by the IASB.

Certain information and disclosures normally included in consolidated financial statements prepared in accordance with IFRSs have been condensed or omitted.

In the opinion of management, the condensed consolidated interim financial information contains all adjustments that are necessary to state fairly the Company’s financial position as at 30 September 2015, and comprehensive income/(loss) and cash flows for the nine months ended 30 September 2014 and 30 September 2015.

This interim financial information does not comprise statutory accounts within the meaning of Section 434 of the Companies Act 2006. The annual report and financial statements of Prory Group No. 1 Limited for the year ended 31 December 2014 were approved by the board on 30 March 2015. The financial statements contained an unqualified audit report and did not include an emphasis of matter paragraph or any statement under 498 of the Companies Act 2006.

This consolidated interim financial information was approved for issue on 4 January 2016.

Except as described below, the accounting policies adopted in this interim financial information are consistent with those adopted in the 2014 financial statements of Prory Group No. 1 Limited. The accounting policies are detailed in the 2014 financial statements of Prory Group No. 1 Limited.

The following standards and revisions to existing standards have been published and are mandatory for periods beginning on or after 1 January 2015:

	Effective for periods commencing on or after
Annual improvements 2011-13	1 July 2014
Amendment to IAS 19 (revised 2011): ‘Employee benefits’ regarding defined benefit plans	1 July 2014
Amendment to IFRS 11: ‘Joint arrangements’ on acquisition of an interest in a joint operation	1 January 2016
Amendment to IAS 16: ‘Property plant and equipment and IAS 38: ‘Intangible assets’ on depreciation and amortisation	1 January 2016
Amendment to IAS 16: ‘Property plant and equipment’ and IAS 41: ‘Agriculture’ regarding bearer plants	1 January 2016
IFRS 14: ‘Regulatory deferral accounts’	1 January 2016
Amendments to IAS 27: ‘Separate financial statements’ on the equity method	1 January 2016
Amendments to IFRS 10: ‘Consolidated financial statements’ and IAS 28: ‘Investments in associates and joint ventures’	1 January 2016
Annual improvements 2014	1 January 2016
IFRS 15: ‘Revenue from contracts with customers’	1 January 2017
IFRS 9: ‘Financial instruments’	1 January 2018
Amendments to IFRS 9: ‘Financial instruments’ regarding general hedge accounting	1 January 2018

The above standards, amendments and interpretations have not impacted on the results or net assets of the Group.

The preparation of interim financial information requires management to make judgments, estimates and assumptions that affect the application of accounting policies and the reported amounts of assets and liabilities, income and expense. Actual results may differ from these estimates.

In preparing this condensed consolidated interim financial information, the significant judgments made by management in applying the Group’s accounting policies and the key sources of estimation uncertainty were the same as those that applied to the consolidated financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2014.

The Group’s activities expose it to a variety of financial risks: market risk (including price risk), credit risk and liquidity risk. This condensed consolidated interim financial information does not include all financial risk management information and disclosures required in the annual financial statements; it should be read in conjunction with the Group’s annual financial statements as at 31 December 2014. There have been no material changes in risk management practices since the year end.

2. Non-GAAP measures

The Group assesses its operational performance using a number of financial measures, some of which are “non-GAAP measures” as they are not measures recognised in accordance with IFRS. These measures include Earnings before Interest, Tax, Depreciation, Amortisation, Rent and exceptional items (“Adjusted EBITDAR”); Earnings before Interest, Tax, Depreciation, Amortisation, future minimum rental increases and exceptional items (“Adjusted EBITDA before future minimum rental increases”); and Earnings before Interest, Tax, Depreciation, Amortisation and exceptional items (“Adjusted EBITDA”).

Management believe presenting the Group’s results in this way provides users of the financial statements with additional useful information on the underlying performance of the business, and is consistent with how business performance is monitored internally.

3. Segmental information

The Group is organised into the following operating segments:

- The **Healthcare** segment focuses on the treatment of patients with a variety of psychiatric conditions which are treated in both open and secure environments. This segment also provides neuro-rehabilitation services.
- The **Education and Children's Services** segment provides day and residential schooling, care and assessment for children with emotional and behavioural difficulties or autistic spectrum disorders.
- The **Older People Services** segment provides long term, short term and respite nursing care for older people who are physically frail or suffering with dementia related disorders.
- The **Adult Care** segment focuses on the care of service users with a variety of learning difficulties, mental health illnesses and adult autistic spectrum disorders. This segment includes care homes and supported living environments.

The Group also has a central office, which carries out administrative and management activities. All of the Group's revenue arises in the United Kingdom (UK). There are no sales between segments and all revenue arises from external customers.

Segment revenues and results

This note includes segmental performance for the nine month period ended 30 September 2015. The accounting policies of the reportable segments are the same as the Priory Group's accounting policies. The measure of segment profit is adjusted earnings before interest, tax, depreciation, amortisation, rent and exceptional items (Adjusted EBITDAR). Adjusted EBITDAR is reported to the Group's Chief Operating decision maker for the purposes of resource allocation and assessment of segment performance.

Central costs include the Group's centralised functions such as finance and accounting centres, IT, sales and marketing, human resources, payroll and other costs not directly related to the hospitals, schools and homes included in the reportable segments.

The following is an analysis of the Group's revenue and results by reportable segment:

Nine months ended 30 September 2015

£'000	Healthcare	Education	Older People Services	Adult Care	Central	Total
Revenue	200,922	81,829	56,763	85,016	—	424,530
Adjusted EBITDAR	61,166	21,974	11,117	27,046	(8,426)	112,877
Rental amounts currently payable	(9,976)	(3,003)	(5,891)	(755)	—	(19,625)
Adjusted EBITDA before future minimum rental increases	51,190	18,971	5,226	26,291	(8,426)	93,252
Future minimum rental increases						(1,924)
Adjusted EBITDA						91,328
Depreciation						(33,380)
Amortisation						(4,507)
Exceptional items						(6,177)
Operating profit						47,264

Nine months ended 30 September 2014

£'000	Healthcare	Education	Older People Services	Adult Care	Central	Total
Revenue	192,295	65,883	52,251	74,896	—	385,325
Adjusted EBITDAR	60,776	19,389	9,033	24,248	(8,194)	105,252
Rental amounts currently payable	(153)	(2,508)	(5,747)	(561)	—	(8,969)
Adjusted EBITDA before future minimum rental increases	60,623	16,881	3,286	23,687	(8,194)	96,283
Future minimum rental increases						(2,138)
Adjusted EBITDA						94,145
Depreciation						(33,329)
Amortisation						(4,653)
Exceptional items						(1,604)
Operating profit						54,559

The directors consider that there have been no material changes in segment assets and liabilities from amounts previously disclosed in the annual financial statements.

4. Exceptional items

Items that are both material and non-recurring and whose significance is sufficient to warrant separate disclosure and identification within the consolidated financial information are referred to as exceptional items. Items that may give rise to classification as exceptional include, but are not limited to, significant and material restructuring and reorganisation programmes, re-financing and acquisition costs, asset impairments and profits or losses on the disposal of assets.

£'000	9 months ended 30 September 2015	9 months ended 30 September 2014
Transaction related costs	1,504	2,795
Reorganisation and rationalisation costs	2,248	4,756
Legal and professional costs	800	902
Loss/(profit) on disposal of fixed assets	1,625	(6,849)
	<u>6,177</u>	<u>1,604</u>

Transaction related costs include expenses arising from the strategic review of the Older People Services division in 2015, and costs in respect of an aborted acquisition in 2014.

5. Tax

Income tax credit is recognised based on management's estimate of the weighted average annual income tax rate expected for the full financial year.

The following are the major deferred tax liabilities/(assets) recognised by the Group and movements thereon during the periods presented:

£'000	Accelerated tax depreciation	Short term timing differences	Intangible assets	Property, plant and equipment	Total
At 1 January 2015	(6,964)	(18,303)	6,970	165,405	147,108
Charge/(credit) to income statement	398	3,556	(795)	(3,353)	(194)
Arising on business combinations	—	(117)	253	540	676
At 30 September 2015	<u>(6,566)</u>	<u>(14,864)</u>	<u>6,428</u>	<u>162,592</u>	<u>147,590</u>
£'000	Accelerated tax depreciation	Short term timing differences	Intangible assets	Property, plant and equipment	Total
At 1 January 2014	(9,382)	(27,004)	7,765	195,658	167,037
(Credit)/charge to income statement	(3,644)	5,826	(1,064)	(15,462)	(14,344)
Arising on business combinations	—	—	422	799	1,221
At 30 September 2014	<u>(13,026)</u>	<u>(21,178)</u>	<u>7,123</u>	<u>180,995</u>	<u>153,914</u>

6. Intangible assets

<u>£'000</u>	<u>Goodwill</u>	<u>Brand</u>	<u>Customer contracts</u>	<u>Total</u>
Cost				
At 1 January 2015	180,606	22,220	38,177	241,003
Arising on business combinations	6,065	1,266	—	7,331
At 30 September 2015	186,671	23,486	38,177	248,334
Accumulated amortisation				
At 1 January 2015	—	2,824	22,727	25,551
Amortisation charge	—	559	3,948	4,507
At 30 September 2015	—	3,383	26,675	30,058
Net book value				
At 30 September 2015	186,671	20,103	11,502	218,276
At 31 December 2014	180,606	19,396	15,450	215,452

7. Property, plant and equipment

<u>£'000</u>	<u>Land and buildings</u>	<u>Assets in the course of construction</u>	<u>Fixtures and fittings</u>	<u>Motor vehicles</u>	<u>Total</u>
Cost					
At 1 January 2015	1,013,535	5,937	155,444	5,894	1,180,810
Arising on business combinations	2,800	—	65	—	2,865
Additions	1,351	7,086	25,925	1,065	35,427
Disposals	(3,210)	(13)	(234)	(952)	(4,409)
Transfers between classifications	1,250	(4,675)	3,425	—	—
At 30 September 2015	1,015,726	8,335	184,625	6,007	1,214,693
Accumulated depreciation					
At 1 January 2015	40,316	—	50,083	2,051	92,450
Charge for the year	14,728	—	17,144	1,508	33,380
Disposals	(712)	—	(140)	(928)	(1,780)
At 30 September 2015	54,332	—	67,087	2,631	124,050
Net book value					
At 30 September 2015	961,394	8,335	117,538	3,376	1,090,643
At 31 December 2014	973,219	5,937	105,361	3,843	1,088,360

8. Assets held for sale

Assets held for resale of £10.5m comprises £9.5m relating to a portfolio of supported living properties. A further £1.0m relates to two properties that have been closed, are being actively marketed, and are expected to be disposed of within twelve months of the balance sheet date.

9. Borrowings

£'000	As at 30 September 2015	As at 30 September 2014	As at 31 December 2014
Borrowings due less than one year			
Finance lease liabilities	1,529	1,609	1,585
Accrued interest – Bank loans	479	49	255
Accrued interest – Senior secured notes	3,382	5,507	10,196
Accrued interest – Senior unsecured notes	1,933	1,935	5,850
Total borrowings due less than one year	7,323	9,100	17,886
Unsecured borrowings due greater than one year			
Senior unsecured notes	175,000	175,000	175,000
Unamortised issue costs	(2,788)	(3,477)	(3,315)
Loan notes (including accrued interest)	304,251	271,653	279,295
	476,463	443,176	450,980
Secured borrowings due greater than one year			
Bank loans	40,250	18,250	31,250
Senior secured notes	386,300	631,000	386,300
Unamortised issue costs	(3,740)	(8,375)	(4,808)
Finance lease liabilities	1,402	2,072	1,841
	424,212	642,947	414,583
Total borrowings due greater than one year	900,675	1,086,123	865,563
Total borrowings	907,998	1,095,223	883,449

All of the Group's borrowings are denominated in Sterling.

Senior secured notes and senior unsecured notes

The Group issued £600.0m of high yield bonds on 3 February 2011, comprising £425.0m senior secured notes with a fixed rate of 7.0% and £175.0m senior unsecured notes with a fixed rate of 8.875%, with maturity dates of 15 February 2018 and 15 February 2019 respectively. The senior secured notes are secured by fixed and floating charges over substantially all of the Group's property and assets.

The Group issued additional senior secured notes on 14 April 2011 of £206.0m with a fixed rate of 7.0% due 15 February 2018. A premium on issue of £2.0m was received which is included within unamortised issue costs and will be amortised to the income statement over the term of the notes. The high yield bonds are listed on the Luxembourg stock exchange.

On 17 November 2014 the Group redeemed £244.7m of its 7% senior secured notes due 2018. In accordance with the terms of the notes, the redemption price was 105.25% of the principal amount of the notes. Including accrued interest of £4.4m, the total amount paid to redeem the notes was £261.9m.

Loan notes

The Group issued unsecured loan notes on 4 March 2011 of £130.0m with a fixed rate of 12% and a maturity date of 4 March 2060. Additional loan notes were issued on 14 April 2011 of £51.5m with a fixed rate of 12% and a maturity date of 18 July 2057.

Accrued interest of £8.4m in relation to the £51.5m loan notes was capitalised on 31 December 2014 by the issue of PIK notes on the same terms as the original loan notes.

Accrued interest of £21.9m and £19.6m in relation to the £130.0m loan notes was capitalised on 3 March 2015 and 3 March 2014, respectively, by the issue of PIK notes on the same terms as the original loan notes.

Bank loans

The £40.3m drawn down on the RCF is secured with an interest rate of libor plus 4% and is due for repayment February 2017. The security ranks above the senior secured loan notes and consists of fixed and floating charges over substantially all of the Group's property and assets.

10. Business combinations

On 17 September 2015 the Group acquired a 100% interest in Life Works Community Limited for total cash consideration of £7.8m. The company operates a 22 bed facility in South East England which specialized in providing inpatient therapy for individuals with drug, alcohol and other addictions, eating disorders and depression.

<u>£'000</u>	
Cash consideration	7,803
Fair value of net assets acquired	<u>(1,960)</u>
Goodwill	<u>5,843</u>

The fair values of the net assets acquired are as follows:

<u>£'000</u>	<u>Fair value</u>
Intangible assets	1,265
Property, plant and equipment	2,865
Inventories	15
Trade and other receivables	71
Cash	163
Deferred tax	(793)
Bank loan	(1,054)
Trade and other payables	(572)
Net assets	<u>(1,960)</u>

The Group settled the outstanding bank loan in full immediately upon acquisition.

The deferred tax liability arises chiefly on the difference between the fair value of the intangible assets and properties acquired and the tax base of these assets.

Intangible assets recognised relate to the Life Works brand and are subsequently amortised on a straight line basis over 20 years. Goodwill recognised on acquisition is attributable to the synergies expected to be achieved through integration of the business with the rest of the Group, together with the skills and talent of the assembled workforce. None of the goodwill is expected to be deductible for corporation tax purposes.

From the date of acquisition to 30 September 2015, the contribution of the business to the Group results was as follows:

<u>£'000</u>	
Revenue	145
Adjusted EBITDA before future minimum rental increases	<u>62</u>

If acquired on 1 January 2015, the business would have contributed approximately £2.1m revenue and £0.7m Adjusted EBITDA before future minimum rental increases to the Group results for the nine months ended 30 September 2015.

Acquisition costs (primarily legal and professional fees) of £0.1m were incurred in connection with the Life Works Community business combination, and were charged to the income statement in the nine months ended 30 September 2015.

11. Fair values

The fair value of the Group's high yield bonds can be observed directly from market prices as the bonds are listed on the Luxembourg Stock Exchange. As at 30 September 2015, the high yield bonds (including accrued interest), had a fair value of £586,295,000 compared with a book value of £566,615,000 (31 December 2014: fair value of £601,156,000 compared with book value of £577,346,000).

In the opinion of the directors, the fair value of the Group's fixed rate loan notes are not considered to be significantly different to the book value, therefore book value is considered to be a reasonable proxy.

In respect of all financial instruments other than high yield bonds and fixed rate loan notes, fair value is considered to be consistent with book value.

The Group has no financial instruments that are measured at fair value.

12. Related party transactions

Priory Group No. 1 Limited is the largest and smallest group undertaking to consolidate these financial statements. Priory Group No. 1 Limited is beneficially owned by funds managed by Advent International Corporation which is considered by the directors to be the ultimate controlling party of the Company.

Balances and transactions between the Company and its subsidiaries, which are related parties, have been eliminated on consolidation and are not disclosed in this note.

13. Post balance sheet events

On 22 December 2015 the Group acquired a 100% interest in the share capital of Progress Care (Holdings) Limited group ("Progress Care") for total cash consideration of £10.8m, funded by way of existing cash reserves. The Progress Care group operates ten facilities for children and adults with specialist care requirements in the North West of England through two wholly owned trading subsidiaries, Progress Care and Education Limited and Progress Adult Services Limited. The directors are currently assessing the fair values of the assets and liabilities acquired in the Progress Care business combination.